The Hong Kong Daily Press.

No. 2828 第八千二百八十二號 日六初月十 年寅丙治同 HONGKONG, MONDAY, 12th NOVEMBER, 1866. 一拜禮 號二十一月十 英一千八百六十八 港香 PRICE $24 PER MONTH

Business Announcements.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Sole Agents for the Sale of their Goods in Hongkong and China by Messrs J. & R. Tennent, Glasgow, and David Gorsar & Sons, Arbroath.

OXFORD & Co.

tf 419 Hongkong 3rd March, 1866.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents at this Port for the BOARD OF MARINE UNDERWRITERS OF SAN FRANCISCO.

OLYPHANT & Co.

tf 1897 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1866.

YUE-CHEONG.
RETAIL TEA DEALER

BEGS to inform the community that he has received his supply of New Season's Teas comprising choice Oolong, Pekoe and Souchong

tf 1828 Hongkong, 6th July, 1866.

榮記棧 WING KEE. 煤炭大街
HONGKONG.
ENDICOTT'S BAZAAR, No. 15,
Now for sale
COALS OF ALL KINDS.
ly 1247 Hongkong, 13th June, 1866.

Business Announcements.

NOTICE.

THE Undersigned, PIANO TUNER and REPAIRER, begs leave, in consequence of his residence not being situated in a central position for the convenience of the Public, to notify that Parties wishing to engage his services would kindly address him to the care of N. S., of the "*Daily Press*" Office.

P. A. SEQUEIRA.

6m 1431 Hongkong, 4th July, 1866.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for Lloyds at CANTON and MACAO.

Communications at Macao to be addressed to Mr. E. L. LARGA, H.B.M. Consular Agent there

GILMAN & Co.

tf Hongkong, 25th April, 1863.

TELEGRAPH AGENCY, POINT DE GALLE

MR THOMAS CLARK continues to act as Agent for "REUTER'S TELEGRAPH COMPANY," and will receive and forward all Messages to Europe, or vice versa, by the Indo-European line, or via Suez, carefully registering the same.

tf 3-5 Galle, 13th April, 1865. 1820

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK Co., LIMITED.

STEAM-TUG "FAME."

I/O *H. P. Nominal.*

With disconnecting Engines.

THIS powerful TUG is available at any moment is berth Vessels in Harbour, or Tow them to or from Sea.

For particulars, apply to the Captain on board, or to the Office of the Company, *D'Aguilar Street*, Hongkong.

JOHN S. LAPRAIK, *Secretary.*

2296 Hongkong, 13th October 1866

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

STEAM-TUG "LITTLE ORPHAN.

THIS Powerful Tug is available at any time to Berth Vessels in this Harbour, or to Tow them to or from sea.

For particulars, apply to the Captain on board, or to J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary.*

1566 Hongkong, 19th October, 1866.

HONGKONG MARKETS.

Sales on the 9th November, 1866.

Vessels	Goods Sold	Price	Purchasers
Russell & Co.	200 bls. Foreign Cotton	$ 22.50	Hip-wo-loong
Borneo Co. Limited	200 " do.	20.50	Hop-cheong
Birley & Co.	13 " Nos. 16-24 Yarn	185.00	Hop-hing
Kwong-shing-cheong	70 " Tientsin Cotton	22.00	Kin-nam
Fo-nam-hong	150 " do.	20.50	Yu-mo-loong
do.	100 " do.	20.50	Kwong-hang
Yee-wo-hang	400 " 60-lb Flour	1.33	Hongkong Merchant
Tat-tyr-hong	200 pls. Yellow Peas	2.90	Tong-kee Merchant
Wing-on-cheong	500 bls. Sugar Candy	13.00	Foreign Merchant
Kang-tye-hong	60 pc. Manila Shirtsatin	48.00	Canton Merchant
Yuen-fat-hong	100 bags Narrow Leaved Greens	13.50	By retail
	50 pls. Tientsin Vermicelli	9.50	Canton Merchant
Hang-foong-hong	3,000 " Yellow Peas	2.70	By retail
do.	20 bls. Tientsin Cotton	19.50	Travelling Merchant
Yik-fat-hong	57 bags Szechuen Fungus	47.00	Canton Merchant
do.	50 bls. Tientsin Cotton	21.50	Macao Merchant

HONGKONG MARKETS.

November 9th, 1866.

COTTON GOODS.

COTTON YARN, No. 18 c 24	per picul	$ 182. c $185.	RICE Bengal, Cargo No. 1	per picul $2.27 c $2.38
" 28 c 32	"	205. c 213.	" " 2	" 2.05 c 2.10
" 33 c 42	"	235. c 248.	" Siam, common	" 1.78 c 1.80
GREY SHIRTINGS, 7 c 7¼ lbs	per piece	3.35 c 3.40	" " fair	" 1.82 c 2.00
" 8 c 8½ lbs	"	3.35 c 3.70	" " white	" 2.15 c 2.30
" 9 c 10 lbs	"	4.30 c 4.95	" Manila	" 2.18 c 2.25
WHITE SHIRTINGS, 5¼ c 5½ yards	"	3.15 c 3.20	" Java	" 1.82 c 1.92
" 6 c 6½	"	4.15 c 4.30	" Singapore	" 1.95 c 1.95
" 7 c 7½	"	4.60 c 4.95	" Saigon	" 1.56 c 1.60
" 8 c 9	"	4.20 c 4.40	" Arracan	" 1.70 c 1.75
WHITE SPOTTED DO.	"	3.25 c 3.60	" Rangoon	" 2.05 c 2.10
WHITE BROCADES	"	4.50 c 5.50	SUNDRIES.	6.20 c 8.50
AMERICAN DRILLS, 30 yards	"	6.70 c 7.25	COALS, Anthcat	per ton
" 40	"	8.50 c 9.00	" English steam	13.50 c 14.00
GREY T-CLOTH, 24 yds. & 32 ins.	"	3.25 c 3.90	" Australian	11.75 c 12.00
" 28 " & 36 "	"	4.10 c 4.40	" American Anthracite	8.75 c 9.05
DYED SPOTTED SHIRTINGS	"	4.95 c 5.85	" Sydney	"
DYED BROCADE Do.	"	4.90 c 5.00	WINDOW GLASS	per box 2.75
DYED DIMITY Do.	"	3.65 c 3.70	STRAITS PRODUCE &c.	
CHINTZ	per doz.	1.15 c 1.15	SAPANWOOD, Sibilic	per picul 3.50 c 4.00
HANDKERCHIEFS, Blue	"	1.07 c 1.10	" Bombay	" 3.50 c 3.70
" Brown	"	1.24 c 1.35	" Penang	" 11.25 c 13.00
" White	"	1.40 c 1.50	" Black	" 6.55 c 6.75
VELVETS, Black, 20 inch	per yard	28 c 42	" Red	" 4.10 c 4.15
" Genting 22	"	27 c 35	SANDAL WOOD Malabar	" 3.60
VELVETEENS, Black	"	25 c 31	" South Seas	" 14.00 c 14.25
			BATAVIA WOOD, Manilla	" 1.55 c 1.70
			" Siam	" 2.30 c 2.60
			CAMPHOR, Japan	" 1.25 c 1.30
			FLOUR, California, per sack of 50 lbs	3.00 c 3.15
			" American, per barrel of 200 lbs	6.00 c 6.15
			WHEAT, Tientsin	per picul 2.70 c 2.80
			" California	" 3.65 c 3.75

WOOLLEN GOODS.

SPANISH STRIPES	per yard	1.03 c 1.06		
LONG ELLS, 14 market	per piece	11.50 c 11.60		
" Assorted	"	7.80 c 9.00		
" HH Scarlet	"	11.50 c 13.00		
" Assorted	"	8.50 c 9.00		
CAMLETS, 88	"	18.00 c 18.50		
" 98	"	19.75 c 20.00		
" 108	"	20.75 c 21.00		
" 118	"	21.50 c 22.00		
" 128	"	24.00 c 25.00		
" BBB	"	18.50 c 19.00		
LASTING				

METALS.

IRON, Nail Rod Nos. 1 c 6	per picul	2.25 c 2.35		
" Hoop	"	2.45 c 2.50		
" Bar	"	2.30 c 2.40		
" Small Round Rod	"	2.40 c 2.45		
" Wire	"	6.25 c 6.50		
LEAD, Large	"	4.75 c 4.85		
STEEL, English	per lb.	2.20 c 2.30		
" Swedish	"	2.30 c 2.40		
TIN, Malacca	per picul	21.50 c 21.80		
TIN PLATES	per box	8.40 c 8.50		
SHEATHING METAL	per piece	28.50 c 27.50		
QUICKSILVER	per catty	67.00 c 67.50		
SPELTER	"	9.00 c 9.50		

OPIUM, Shanghai	per picul	180.00 c 183.00		
" Ningpo	"	182.00 c 184.00		
" Tientsin	"	183.00 c 185.00		

SHIPPING IN THE CANTON WATER.

Nationality	Destination	Vessel & Captain	Flag & Rig	Tons	Consignees	Destination
		HONGKONG.				
		Sheraluh, Quinn	Brit. sh	806	Phillips, Moore & Co	*For Sale*
		Stanley, Ewing	Brit. sch	214	Oxford & Co	*For Sale*
		St. Vicente Ferrer, Sternhaghre	Brit. bk	118	Wm. Pustau & Co	
	Laid up	J. Nairn	Brit. bk	340	Jardine, Matheson & Co	
		Stornaway, Tomlin	Brit. sch	227	Order	
		Sandringham, Tatu	Brit. sh	1,000	Order	
	Refitting	Tywardreath, Hawes	Brit. sch	216	E. & J. Meyer	
		Tyneside, Storie	Brit. sch	253	Olyphant & Co	
	Laid up	Twee Cornelissen, Bowman	Brit. bk	684	Gibb, Livingston & Co	
		Union, J. Artaxo	Brit. bk	773	Wm. Pustau & Co	
		Warburg, Willy,	Span. bk	457	Phillips, Moore & Co	
		Zephyr,	Germ. bk	263	Schillhaus & Co	
			Austr. sch	270	Order	
	Store Ship		Brit. bk	261	McEwen & Co	
		RECEIVING VESSEL.				
		Yokohama Shanghai	Brit. sh	1000	P. & O. S. N. Co	
			Brit. bk	318	D. Sassoon Sons & Co	
		AT LAMONT'S DOCK.				
		Alphere, Reiver,	Sch. str. Brit. str	1136	Messageries Imperiales	Suez
	Laid up			777	Jardine, Matheson & Co	S'pore & Calcutta
	For Charter	**WHAMPOA.**				
		STEAMERS.				
		Delmar, Cumfa,	Wm. Blake	Brit. str	1096	P. & O. S. N. Co
		Little Orphan, Celtic,	Madsen Curling	Amer. str		Thos. Hunt & Co
		Grimes, Spark,		Brit. str	1220	Union Dock Co
					1760	Thos. Hunt & Co
		† *Running between Canton, and Macao.*				
		SAILING VESSELS.				
		Albert Victor, Aristo,		Brit. sh	868	Aug. Hoerd & Co
		Bantalete,	J. B. Vrijdag	Amer. sh	837	Order
		Bernhard Carl,	P. Luders	Brit. bk	441	Siemsen & Co
		Capo-ing-moon,	Luders	Prus. bk	464	Order
		Carolina,	A. von Rosenberg	Prus. bk	1,000	Wm. Pustau & Co
		Charger,	Hatch	Amer. sh	1136	Olyphant & Co
		Chetah,	D. Reid	Brit. sh	750	Phillips, Moore & Co
		Cora Linn,	Jago	Brit. bk	466	Gibb, Livingston & Co
		Elisa, & Jacob,	Savenicrak	Dut. bq	329	Order
		Isabella Sidney,	Watson	Brit. bk	224	Jardine, Rubener & Co
		Nila,		Brit. bq	332	Arnhold, Karberg & Co
		Powhattan,	Patten	Amer. bk	429	Russell & Co
		Reliance,	McClellan	Brit. bk	224	Jardine, Matheson & Co
		Three Brothers,	J. Miles	Brit. brig	382	Wing-choong-shun-hong
		† *To Arrive.*				
		CRUISERS IN WHAMPOA REACH.				
		Dane's In Dock Co's Chop				
		Hongkong & Whampoa Dock Co's Chop				
		Locke, "Spy," belonging to Customs				
		Ruparell,			Customs	
		Siam,			Custom House	
		Sylphide,			Steam Chop	
		CANTON.				
		Hae Ching, Puyang,	Chinese Mand. str		Revenue Cruiser 891	H. K., C. & M. S. P. Co
		MACAO.				
		America,	Ital. sh	1466	F. Canevaro & Co	Callao
		Aureliana,	Eastern	Span. sch	687	Reynolds & Co
		Aurora	Lindesen	Ital. sh	668	Order
		Avon,	Warwick	Brit. bk	936	E. Calderon
		Bangkok,	Chappel	Fren. bk	580	Reyersbach, Brothers & Co
		Bonkers,	S. Peak	Brit. bk	661	S. B. Sherrard
		Braganca,	Shiittle	Brit. bk	388	Order
		Cintra,	A. J. Favella	Port. bq	382	A. da Mello & Co
		Concordia,	Grill	Port. bq	326	Reynolds & Co
		Confucius,	Rashen	Germ. bk	380	Siemsen & Co
		Delangle,	Dupont	Fren. bk	411	Wm. Pustau & Co
		Don Hermanos,	M. Teles	Span. sch	365	Reynolds & Co
		Egmont & Home,	Frudden	Belg. sh	708	Reyersbach, Brothers & Co
		Elvira,	E. Rocca	Germ. bk	380	Order
		E. & Jacobs,	Zeraseuf	Dut. bq	329	Order
		Esperanza,	Jose Costa	Span. sh	1076	*Not Recorded*
		Eva,	N. Christopher	Brit. bk	224	M. A. dos Remedios
		Feesang,	M. de Cruz	Port. str	114	S. S. Fernandes
		Fire Dart,	Thebaud	Brit. str	606	P. & O. S. N. Co
		G. C. E. Meyer,	Moller	Ham. bk	278	Wm. Pustau & Co
		Gica,	J. Nisser	Port. sh	469	J. M. del Rio
		Glenlee,		Brit. bk	388	Reyersbach, Brothers & Co
		H. Ludwina,	Van Brock	Dut. bk	533	Reyersbach, Brother & Co
		Henry IV,	Rigo	Fren. sh	709	F. P. Noronah
		Hongkong,	J. Teixeira	Span. bk	196	Order
		Jeddo,	F. P. dos Santos	Port. bk	422	A. & de Mello & Co
		Kim-chye-Seng,	Bastiar	Siam sch	174	Order
		Kreta-ann-de Lek,	Rotgers	Dut. bk	407	Schalkmann & Co
		Kon. Willem III,	Willing	Dut. bk	453	Order
		Lorelei,	Schanel	Hon. sh	493	Schillhaus & Co
		Manila,	Alexanen	Span. sh	498	Order
		Maria Luzzo,		Aver. Fren. sh	261	Landstein & Co
		Nereus,	Ballard	Brit. bk	299	Russell & Co
		Niman,	Corel	Fren. sh	560	Jardine, Matheson & Co
		Onrust,	Wissenbruch	Dut. bk	744	Order
		R. de los Angeles,	Vidosola	Span. sch	328	Order
		Sagittaire,	Cardenne	Fren. sh	322	Reyersbach, Brothers & Co
		San Fernando,	J. B. de Lara	Span. sch	165	Order
		S. Vicente de Paula,	Siva Porto	Port. bq	224	A. da Mello & Co
		Tremelgs,	Landeo	Port. sh	331	L. Marques
		Victoria,	Medeiros	Mand. bk	328	Order
		Wessel Cattle,	Hardy	Brit. bk	322	Arnhold, Karberg & Co
					382	Wing-choong-shun-hong

Printed & Published, for the proprietor, by W. H. BELL, Wyndham Street, Hongkong.

Arrivals.

Nov. 10, CAROLINE, Prus. Sch. sch., 266, H. Poisen, Newchwang, Nov. 1st., Peas.—BOURJAC, HUBBNER & Co.

Nov. 10, PRINCIPE DON CARLOS, Port. str., from MACAO.

Nov. 11, ALBATROSS, Brem. bq., 414, G. Saume, Swatow, Nov. 9th, Ballast.—WM. PUSTAU & Co.

Nov. 11, VICTORIA, Hamb. sh., 620, Meyer, Shanghai, Nov. 8th. Ballast.—WM. PUSTAU & Co.

Nov. 11, FER-PANO, Port. str., 114, Cruiz, MACAO, Nov. 10th, Ballast.—BRANDON & Co.

Nov. 11, AMARANTH, Hamburg barque, 355, Wendriamen, Newchwang, November 1st, Beans.—SIEMSEN & Co.

Nov. 12, GANGES, Brit. str., 1200, Bernard, Shanghai, Nov. 9th, Silk, &c.—P. & O. S. N. Co.

Departures.

Nov. 10, JAMES LOWTON, for Melbourne and Sydney.

Nov. 10, VISCATA, for San Francisco.

Nov. 11, FORTUNE, for Bangkok.

Nov. 11, JOSEPHINE AMEDEE, for Saigon.

Nov. 11, RUDOLPH, for Whampoa.

Clearances.

AT THE HARBOUR MASTER'S OFFICE, NOVEMBER 10TH, 1866.

None.

Passengers.

Per "Ganges" str., from Shanghai.

Messrs. Oehlers, Bernaballi, Barradas, Palet, Vigues, Martiny, Brady, Kaye, Capt. Alsous, Major Dickson, 2 Europeans, and 82 Chinese.

Reports.

The Prussian schooner *Caroline*, reports that she had strong N.E. winds during the passage till the arrival, saw three vessels on-shore steering towards Hongkong.

The Hamburg ship *Victoria* reports having experienced strong gales from the northward obliged to carry double reef top-sails throughout the passage till the arrival.

The British steamer *Ganges* reports having fine weather on passage down. Passed *Yesso* on Saturday evening, and a brig yesterday.

Auction Sales To-day.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co.
Mats and Cotton.

Cotton Yarn.

Household Furnitures, &c.

BOWRA & Co.
Cotton and Grey Shirtings.

MORGAN, LAMBERT & Co.
Rice, Sugar, Boat, &c.

VICTORIA REGATTA CLUB.

THE Undersigned begs to give notice that ENTRIES for the RACES will CLOSE on the 3rd instant.

R. LYALL.

7d 2139 Hongkong, 6th November, 1866.

Now ready, at the "Daily Press" Office,
PART FIRST,
OF A NEW
ANGLO CHINESE DICTIONARY, QUARTO,
BY THE
REV. W. LOBSCHEID.
COURT AND PUNTI DIALECTS.

PUBLISHER'S NOTICE.

THIS WORK was commenced in November, 1861, the composition of the author then being that it could be comprised in one thousand four hundred pages, and would occupy two years. Many unlooked for obstructions, chiefly of a typographical nature, prevented the rapid progress of the work in the first instance, and these being overcome, the author discovered that he had underestimated the extent and the importance of the vast task he had undertaken, and that it would occupy fully double the time and space which he had at the outset computed.

The publication of a work of such magnitude, and presenting so many such varied obstacles, seldom fails to the lot of the unfortunate individual, as occurs in this case. The first part of the work is now issued, partly at the request of the author and partly at that of the Foreign Community of China an opportunity of extending that assistance to the publisher, which under the circumstances is usually so freely accorded.

The price of the book complete, will be $30, and it will be published in four parts at $7.50 each. But this objection presents itself to the sale of the parts separately, should the purchaser of one or more parts not take the others, a number of incomplete, and consequently valueless, copies will be left on the publisher's hands. To remedy this objection, in consideration of the circumstances already alluded to, it is hoped that those who see fit to patronize the undertaking by purchasing the first part, will not object to signing an engagement to take the remaining parts as they appear, or should they prefer it, to pay for the entire work in advance.

Missionaries supplied at Trade Price.

Daily Press Office, Hongkong, 15th Oct., 1866

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

MR. J. A. CORDEIRO, PIANO TUNER and REPAIRER, begs to inform his Customers and the Public in general that he has REMOVED to HOLLYWOOD ROAD, No. 30, next door to Mr. WAGNER.

tf 2410 Hongkong, 3rd November, 1866.

TO HOUSEKEEPERS & SHIP MASTERS.

JOHN PATERSON,
Late with Messrs LOGAN & Co.
House and Ship Plumbers, Gas-Fitters, and
Zinc Worker.

Praya West, Achung's Yard, Next to Mr. LOGAN tf 1350 Hongkong 15th April, 1865.

TELEGRAPH AGENCY. POINT DE GALLE

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tf 3-5 Galle, 13th April, 1865. 1820

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JOHN S. LAPRAIK, *Secretary.*

2296 Hongkong, 13th October 1866

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

STEAM-TUG "LITTLE ORPHAN.

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For particulars, apply to the Captain on board, or to J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary.*

1566 Hongkong, 19th October, 1866.

Banks.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAE BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.
Subscribed Capital—5,000,000 of Dollars.

Court of Directors:—

Chairman—HON. JOHN DENT, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—WOLDEMAR NISSEN, Esq.
E. M. Forbes, Esq. Geo. F. Maclean, Esq.
Alex. E. Heard, Esq. Arthur Sassoon, Esq.
Geo. J. Holland, Esq. Caleb T. Smith, Esq.
Henry D. Iversens, Esq. Hon. Thos. Sutherland, Esq.

Managers—
Hongkong—VICTOR KRESSER, Esq.
Shanghae—David Mclaine, Esq.
London Bankers—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.
INTEREST ALLOWED
On Current Deposit Accounts at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.
On Fixed Deposits:—
For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
6 " 3½ "
12 " 4 "

In addition to the above fixed rates of interest the Company has adopted the principle of giving holders a certain portion of its yearly profits to be given as a bonus on the balances employed by the Bank. Customers keeping Current Accounts and Depositors will participate equally in respect of such Bonus, whether as shareholders in the Company or not.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Drafts granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

VICTOR KRESSER, *Manager,*
Wardley House, No. 1, Queen's Road.
tf 929

THE ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Paid-up Capital, £1,500,000.
RESERVED FUND, £111,000.

Court of Directors.

Harry George Gordon, Esq., Chairman.
William Scott Binny, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
James Blyth, Esq.
John Learoyd Cunliffe, Esq.
William Walter Cargill, Esq.
Alexander Mackenzie, Esq.
Lestock Robert Reid, Esq.
Patrick F. Robertson, Esq.
Charles J. F. Sinnet, Chief Manager.
Patrick Campbell, Sub-Manager.

Bankers.

Bank of England.
Union Bank of London.
Agents in Scotland.
National Bank of Scotland.
Commercial Bank of Scotland.
Dundee Cy. 23, St. Andrew Square Edinburgh.
Agents in Ireland.
Provincial Bank of Ireland.
The National Bank.

Head Office.
Threadneedle Street, London E.C.

HONGKONG BRANCH.
Banking.

The Corporation receive money on deposit repayable on demand, upon which no interest is allowed.

They also receive money on fixed deposit repayable at twelve months' notice, upon which interest at five per cent. per annum is allowed.

They discount Bills and Notes payable in Hongkong, having on them two approved names unconnected in general partnership; and they make advances upon bullion and goods not of a perishable nature, in the custody of the Bank.

Exchange.

The Corporation issue Drafts on the Bank of England payable on demand, and on the Union Bank of London payable at six months' sight; and they grant Circular Notes for the use of travellers, negotiable in all towns of importance throughout the world.

They also issue Drafts on the Agencies and Branches of the Corporation at Shanghai, Yokohama, Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Madras, Mauritius, Melbourne, Singapore, and Sydney, at the exchange of the day.

Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above places are purchased or remitted for collection.

Information as to the rules of business may be had at the Office, or on application by letter to the Manager.

Office hours 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 1.

J. McDOUALL, *Manager.*
tf 1162 Hongkong, 16th April 1865.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, & CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
Capital paid-up £750,000.
With power to increase to £1,500,000.
Reserved Fund, £250,000.

Head-Office—No. 52, Threadneedle Street, London, E.C.

Court of Directors.

George Gordon Nicol, Esq.—*Chairman.*
Ronald Lamont, Esq.
George May, Esq.
Frederick J. Halliday.
James M. Robertson, Esq.
David Trail Robertson, Esq.—*Chief Manager.*
William Keswick, Esq.—*Auditor.*
Walter Ormiston, Esq.—*Secretary.*
William Jackson, Esq.—*Inspector of Branches and Agencies.*

Ellis James Gibson, Esq.
David Trail Robertson Esq. ex Officio.

LONDON BANKERS.
Bank of England.
London Joint Stock Bank.

SOLICITORS.
Messrs. Clarke, Sons, & Rawlins, Coleman St.

AUDITORS.
Messrs. Coleman, Turquand, Youngs & Co., Public Accountants.
J. Smith, Esq., of Messrs W. Nicol & Co., Bankers.
James Joseph Mackenzie, Esq., late of Messrs. Dent & Co., China.

Branches and Agencies.

Bombay
Calcutta
Madras
Ceylon { Colombo / Kandy / Galle
Singapore
Penang
Shanghai
Yokohama
Foochow
Manritius
Saigon
Batavia

EDINBURGH DEPOSIT AGENCY,
128, George Street.
CHARLES PEARSON, Esqr., C.A.—Agent.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Current deposits.—Accounts are kept on which no interest is allowed and no charge made for collecting Bills, Cheques, &c.

Fixed deposits.—Are received, viz:—
Repayable at 12 months.....3½ per annum.
" at 6 " .....3½ per annum.

The Bank discounts Local Bills, and Notes payable in Hongkong having at least two approved names one counted in general partnership, and makes advances on approved Banking Securities.

Exchange.

The Bank issues drafts on its London Office, and on the London Joint Stock Bank at 81 months' sight, also on its Branches above; and Agents in Scotland, Ireland, Melbourne, Sydney, and towns in Australia, New Zealand, &c., and grants Circular Notes for the use of travellers negotiable in all towns of importance throughout the world.

Bills payable in Europe or in any of the above mentioned places are purchased or remitted for collection.

Further information as to the rules of business may be obtained at the office, or on application by letter to the manager.

Office hours—10 to 3, Saturdays 10 to 1.

EDWARD ARTHUR, *Manager.*
2, Queen's Road, 5 March, 1866.

Banks.

THE BANK of HINDUSTAN, CHINA and JAPAN (Limited).
Capital, £4,000,000 Sterling
In 40,000 Shares of £100 each
of which, only £25 is to be called up,
Subscribed, £3,600,100.
Paid up, £893,692.

Head Office, No. 1 Bank Buildings, E.C. London.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

William F. Allen, Esq., Alderman.
William Frederick Baring, Esq.
James Rugent Daniel, Esq.
Philip Shaw Fletcher, Esq.
William Harrison, Esq.
James Levick, Esq.
Sassoon David Sassoon, Esq
J. Mackrell Smith, Esq.
Richard Spooner, Esq.
Philip Vassalieff, Esq.
Henry Young, Esq.

GENERAL MANAGER.—John Ouseley, Esq.
Secretary.—E. Swire Tawkin, Esq.

Edinburgh Branch.

DIRECTORS.

William Forbes, Esq., of Medwyn.
Patrick Arkley, Esq., of Dunimald.
James Mackintosh, Esq., Jun., of La Mancha and late of Calcutta.
John A. Macrae, Esq., W.S. 32, Frederick Street, Agent.

BANKERS.
The Bank of England.
The National Bank, The Alliance Bank.

Agents.

In Scotland, The National Bank of Scotland.
In Ireland, The National Bank of Ireland.

Branches and Agencies.

Bombay, Calcutta, Colombo, Kandy, Shanghai, Yokohama, Singapore, Point de Galle, Manila, Foochow, Ningpo, Hankow, Nagasaki, and Kinkiang.

Banking.

INTEREST DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are kept, as interest allowed, until further notice, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on all daily balances not exceeding $10,000; but special arrangements may be made, if desired, for balances above that amount.

Fixed Deposits of money will be received at the following rates of Interest, viz.,
For 3 months certain at 4 per cent per Annum
" 6 " " 3½ " do.
" 1 " do. " 3 " do.
and for longer periods according to arrangement at.

Approved Local Bills are discounted and Advances made upon Bullion and Goods not of a perishable nature.

Exchange.

The Bank purchases Bills on Europe, India, China, Japan and Australia, and issues Drafts on England on the Bank of England, the National Bank, and the Alliance Bank, Limited; and on the various Branches and Agencies of the Bank in India, China Japan and Australia, at the current rates of the day.

Office Hours 10 to 3. Saturday, 10 to 1.

Any further information can be obtained on application to the Manager.

DAVID HEAN, Manager.
tf 2064 Hongkong, 28th August, 1866.

NOTICE.

THE following Copy of the Vesting Order of the High Court of Chancery, in England, in the matter of the Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East, is published for general information.

"Vice Chancellor STUART }
at Chambers." }

"THURSDAY, *23rd August*, 1866."

"In the matter of the Companies, Act 1862."

"And in the matter of the COMMERCIAL BANK CORPORATION OF INDIA AND THE EAST."

"Upon the application of the Official Liquidator of the above named Corporation, and upon hearing the Solicitor for the Applicant, and for the BANK OF HINDUSTAN, CHINA and JAPAN, and the CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA, CREDITORS of the said Corporation, and for CHARLES HARRISON, a Contributory of the said Company. It is ordered that all the property, real and personal, including all interest and claims, and rights in to and out of property real and personal, and including things in Action belonging to or vested in the said Corporation, or to or in any person or persons in trust for or on behalf of the said Corporation, or to or in any person or persons in trust for and on behalf of the said Corporation whersoever the same is situate, do vest in the said Official Liquidator."

"Pursuant to the Act. 14 and 15 Victoria, C. 99, Sec. 11. HERBERT CRISTIE do serve to be a true Copy of the Record in my Custody."

(Signed) J. A. BURRAY,
"Clerk of Records and Writs of the High Court of Chancery in England."

By Order.
HENRY G. CALDWELL.
Solicitor for the Official Liquidator.
tf 2849 Hongkong, 24th October, 1866.

NOTICE,

IT being considered desirable to shorten the issuance of Bills drawn in India and China on Europe, the undersigned *hereby give notice* that from 1st January, 1867, their Bills drawn on Agencies in the East, will only be at 30 days sight Bills of Exchange at a term not exceeding four months' sight.

The undersigned further give notice that they will purchase Bills of Exchange, drawn under Credits, only when the Credits contain a distinct engagement with the holders of the Bills to accept the same.

G. U. ADAM,
For the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.
H. T. ROBERTSON,
For the Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China.
J. OUSELEY,
For the Bank of Hindustan, China and Japan, Limited.
J. G. PARRY,
For the Delhi and London Bank, Limited.
G. PIESSOUL,
For the Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris.
CHARLES J. F. STUART,
For the Oriental Bank Corporation.
tf 1795 Hongkong, 21st August, 1866.

NOTICE.

A SUB-AGENCY of the Oriental Bank Corporation, under charge of Mr. ALEXANDER PATERSON, has been OPENED at FOOCHOW.

J. McDOUALL, *Manager.*
Oriental Bank Corporation,
tf 1899 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1866.

ROYAL PRUSSIAN VICE CONSULATE.

AGENTS and MASTERS of PRUSSIAN SHIPS are hereby CAUTIONED against entering into any charter engagements for the transport of Chinese hired Labourers (Coolies) to any place beyond the Seas, as such transport is prohibited, as long as the Prussian Government has not joined the new Coolie Convention, concluded at Peking, on the 25th of March last, between the Chinese Government, and the Representatives of England and France at that Court, and which only allows it under certain restrictions.

This prohibition extends to Hongkong and Macao, as well as to any Port in China Proper.

By Order,
R. VON OARLOWITZ.
Acting Prussian Vice Consul.
3m 1764 Hongkong, 16th August, 1866.

NEITHER the Captain nor the Undersigned will be RESPONSIBLE for any debts contracted by the Officers or Crew of the British barque "*CLIFTON.*"

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.
tf 2444 Hongkong, 7th November, 1866.

THE Undersigned after having spent Fifteen Years in COMMERCIAL PURSUITS in China, have been compelled by unfortunate circumstances to establish myself as OPIUM INVESTIGATOR and GENERAL BROKER, and trust by proper attention to my business to deserve a portion of the patronage of the Mercantile Community of Hongkong.

My Office is in *Wyndham Street*, No. 75, second house from the GERMAN CHURCH.

REUBEN SOLOMON.
tf 2465 Hongkong, 9th November, 1866.

Auctions.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co. have received Instructions to sell by Public Auction,

THIS DAY,

the 12th November, 1866, at 11 o'clock A.M.

At Messrs. WM. PUSTAU & CO.'s Godowns,

(For account of the concerned.)

Ex "*Black River Packet.*"

26 Bales MATS.

7 " MISSIO COTTON.

Also for another account.

Ex same vessel.

55 Bales MATS.

All more or less damaged by Sea Water.

TERMS OF SALE.—Cash before delivery in Mexican dollars weighed at 7.1.7.

2479 Hongkong, 10th November, 1866.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

LAMMERT, ATKINSON & Co. have received Instructions to sell by Public Auction,

TO-MORROW,

the 13th November, 1866, at Noon,

At the Godowns of Messrs. BRANDT & Co.'s Godowns,

THIS DAY,

the 12th November 1866, at Noon,

At the Godowns of Messrs. BRANDT & Co.

For account of the concerned.

Ex "*TAIPINGSHAN.*"

S. & C. 20 bales SAN-SOOTOO PAPER.

B. C. 24 bales SOOTOO PAPER.

*All more or less damaged by

Docks.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

CAPITAL—$750,000.
IN 1,500 SHARES, OF $500 EACH.

THE COMPANY'S DOCKS, at ABERDEEN and WHAMPOA, are in full working order, and the attention of Shipowners and Agents is respectfully solicited to the advantages which these Establishments offer for the Docking and Repairing of Vessels.

The following description of the Premises is submitted for the information of the Public:—

ABERDEEN DOCKS.

DOCK No. 1.

Built of GRANITE.	
Length	330 feet.
Breadth	80 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	18½ "
Do. Neap Tides	14 "

NEW DOCKS, No. 2.

Built of GRANITE.	
Length	400 feet.
Breadth	90 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	24½ "
Do. Neap Tides	21½ "

This Dock is now under course of construction.

WHAMPOA DOCKS.

DOCK A.

Built of GRANITE.	
Length	550 feet.
Breadth	80 "
Depth of Water at Spring Tides	16½ & 17 "
Do. Neap Tides	13½ & 15 "

This can be used either as one or two Docks.

DOCK B.

Built of GRANITE.	
Length	340 feet.
Breadth	60 "
Depth of water at Spring Tides	18 "
Do. Neap Tides	15 "

The above are the largest Docks in China, and they are fitted with every appliance in the way of Caissons, powerful Steam Pumps, &c., to ensure safety and despatch in work.

DOCK C.

Built of Wood.	
Length	200 feet.
Depth of water at Spring Tides	14 "
Do. Neap Tides	11 "

Fitted with Caissons and Steam Pumps.

DOCK D.

Length	164 feet.
Depth of water at Spring Tides	12.6 "
Do. Neap Tides	9.6 "

DOCK E.

Length	120 feet.
Depth of water at Spring Tides	11 "
Do. Neap Tides	8 "

D, and E, are Hud Docks available for small vessels, at very low rates.

WORKSHOPS.

The Workshops on the Premises, both at Aberdeen and Whampoa, possess every appliance necessary for the Repairs of Ships or Steam Machinery. The Engineers' Shops are supplied with Lathes, Slotting Machines, Punching Machines, &c., &c.,—capable of executing work on the largest scale, and driven by steam.

The Shipwright's and Blacksmith's Shops are equally well supplied with tools, and the whole is entirely carried on under the Supervision of experienced Europeans.

Powerful Lifting Shears stand on a Jetty, alongside which vessels can lie in 24 feet water, and take in or out boilers, masts, &c.

BOILERMAKER'S DEPARTMENT.

The Company in addition to executing Repairs are prepared to tender for supplying new Boilers to Steam-ships, for constructing which they have great facilities.

FOUNDRY.

Iron and Brass Castings, either for Ships or general purposes, are executed with the utmost despatch.

STORES.

The Company's Stores will (when required) supply at moderate rates all the necessaries for shipwork, such as Paint, Copper, Canvas, &c.

STEAM TUG.

The Company's powerful Steam TUG *Fame*, (110 Horse-power nominal) is always in readiness to Tow sailing vessels from Hongkong to the Dock free of charge, and will take them back or to Sea at reduced Rates.

For further particulars apply to the Office of the Company, *Equitable Street*, Hongkong.

JOHN S. LAPRAIK, *Secretary.*

N.B.—The Consignees or Master of any Vessel seeing reason to complain of the work done in the Docks, or in any way respecting the Dock arrangements, should address the Secretary on the subject—when their complaints will receive the immediate attention of the Directors of the Company.

of 2265 Hongkong, 13th October, 1866.

PORT OF AMOY.

SHIPOWNERS, AGENTS, and COMMANDERS, are informed that the Dock Company's Premises, at the above Port, affords every facility for Repairing and Sparring Vessels and for Cleaning and Painting Iron and Steam Ships.

The first large GRANITE DOCK, 286 feet long on the Blocks, is in complete Working order, and at average Spring tides can take Vessels Drawing 16 to 17 feet Water. The Dock is fitted with a Patent Gridiron Cradle (Centrifugal Sister) Plans of great power ensuring despatch in all states of the tide. An ample stock is kept on hand of Timber, Oregon Spars, Sheathing Copper and Yellow Metal, and every description of Material required for Dock Yard use.

The Premises comprise an Engineer's Workshop, a large Smithy and Carpenter's Workshop, and Stores are suspended by Resident Europeans, viz., a Shipwright, an Engineer, and a Blacksmith. Dry Godowns for the reception of Vessels stores &c., when requiring to discharge them.

Apply to

J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary.*

or, GENT. T. B. KENNELL, *Manager at Whampoa.*

N.B.—The Consignees or Masters of any Vessel seeing reason to complain of the Work done in the Docks, or in any way respecting the Dock Arrangements, should address the Secretary on the subject—when their complaints will receive the immediate attention of the Directors of the Company

of 930 Hongkong, 21th March, 1865.

DANES ISLAND DOCKS, WHAMPOA.

CONDUCTED BY

MESSRS. JOHN D. HUNTER & CO.

ONE Dock, 240 feet long, can take in Vessels drawing 11 feet, at Spring Tides.

One Dock, 180 feet long, can take in Vessels drawing 11 feet, at Spring Tides.

These are Houses at both Docks for the accommodation of Captains and Crews of Vessels, all kinds of Ship, and Blacksmiths Work done.

The large Dock pumped out by an Engine.—

The Premises being in the hands of the Merchants, Ship Owners, and Captains, that their charges for Docking are lower than any in China.

No Commission charged upon any Metal or Stores supplied by the Ship.

Apply to

JOHN HIAGH & Co,
Hongkong, or to
ALEXR. MORRISON,
Manager, Whampoa.

of Hongkong, 4th September, 1862.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA LIMITED.

THE Company respectfully beg to call the attention of Ship Owners, Agents and Masters to their Establishments at WHAMPOA, which offer every facility for the DOCKING and REPAIR of Vessels of all classes.

Their Docks in Whampoa, which comprise Four, have been in successful operation for the last Twelve Year and are now in good Working Condition.

The DOCKS are pumped out by a Steam Pump in Five hours and capable of taking in Vessels drawing 18½ feet at Spring Tides.

The WORK SHOPS comprise the different Departments of the Shipwright, Blacksmiths, Boiler Maker, and Foundry—possessing all the necessary appliances for the Repairs of Ships, Steamers, and Steam Machinery.

The STORES in the different Departments consist of the best Materials, which can be supplied to Vessels on the most reasonable Terms.

A Jetty, with a powerful Lifting Shears, alongside of which Vessels can lie and take out Masts, Boilers, &c.

A STEAM TUG always in readiness to Tow Vessels to the Docks, free of charge, and will tow them back to anchorage or to sea at Reduced Rates.

All Work carried on under the superintendence of experienced Europeans.

For further particulars, apply to

J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary,*
or, GENT. T. B. KENNELL, *Manager at Whampoa.*

N.B.—The Consignees or Masters of any Vessel seeing reason to complain of the Work done in the Docks, or in any way respecting the Dock Arrangements, should address the Secretary on the subject—when their complaints will receive the immediate attention of the Directors of the Company

of 930 23m Amoy, March 1865.

Docks.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE sixth call, of $50 per share, on the new Stock of the Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company is due on the 1st October next, and is payable at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company. Receipts for the payment of which will be granted by the Manager.

By order of the Directors,
JOHN S. LAPRAIK,
Secretary.

of 1846 Hongkong, 3rd August, 1866.

FOOCHOW GRANITE FLOORED DOCK.

THE above DOCK has been in full working order for the last eighteen months, length 300 feet, width at bottom 40 feet, depth of water on the sill 20 feet, average 17 feet, Neap 14 feet.

The Dock is ordinary tides runs dry to the Blocks, and is pumped out by steam. The charges are as follows: The day of entrance, and two following days, One Mexican Dollar per ton register with the charged, beyond that period each day 10 cents per register ton

LABOR.—European Foreman per day $5.00
Caulker " 1.20
Chinese Carpenter " 75
Coolies " 45

For further particulars as to the price of Coppering, &c., &c., &c., apply to

T. D. T. TILLINGHAST, Esq., Messrs. DE SILVER & Co., Hongkong.

ROBERT ADAMS, Esq., Messrs. NICHOLSON and BOYCE, Shanghai.

Or to the Undersigned.

JOHN C. SKEY,
Manager.
Pagoda Anchorage, River Min.

No pecuniary charged upon the labor, but a charge of 10 per cent. will be made on all materials supplied, otherwise than by the Dock.

of 1544 Foochow, 21st July, 1866.

NOTICE.

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, (LIMITED.)

THE Third Call of Two Hundred Dollars ($200) per Share is due on the 6th January next and is payable at the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING COMPANY LIMITED receipts for the payment of which will be granted by the Manager.

Interest at the rate of twelve per centum per Annum will be charged on all calls unpaid after the above date.

By order of the Directors.

J. B. ENDICOTT, *Secretary.*

of 2751 Hongkong, 5th November, 1866.

Miscellaneous Wants.

WANTED.

A STEWARD who can produce good testimonials. Apply at the Office of the Club Lusitano on Stanley, LANTAO.

of 2464 Hongkong 8th November, 1866.

TO CAPTAINS.

SECOND MATE. A YOUNG MAN of good experience wishes a Situation as above. Satisfactory reference can be given.

Address P. J. A. *Daily Press* Office.

14d 2311 Hongkong, 3rd November, 1866.

WANTED.

BY AN ENGLISHMAN, Employment in a Merchant's or other Office. No objection to the Coast Ports. First-class TESTIMONIALS. Has been in the East three years.

Addres L. C. *Daily Press* Office.

3m 2993 Hongkong, 22nd September, 1866

WANTED.

EUROPEAN NURSE for a Family in Shanghai. Apply to the *Daily Press* Office.

of 2379 Hongkong, 30th October, 1866.

WANTED.

ON BOTTOMRY OR RESPONDENTIA, about $10,000; to pay for Repairs and Disbursements, to enable the British ship,

"*PASHING CLOUD.*"

Captain Burrows, to prosecute her present voyage from Manilla to London, said ship having put in to Hongkong.

For Further Particulars, apply to,

SMITH KENNEDY, & Co.
or to the CAPTAIN on Board.

of 2234 Hongkong, 10th October, 1866.

WANTED by an ENGLISHMAN a situation as BOOK-KEEPER or CLERK, has been Eighteen months in the Colony, can give good references, and is generally useful.

Address, Q.A.D., *Daily Press* Office.

of 2035 Hongkong, 15th September, 1866.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are informed that they can now obtain Scrip Certificates for Shares in the above Company in Exchange for Bankers Receipts, at the Office of the Company, Club Chambers Buildings.

By Order of the Directors.

R. B. SLATE, *Secretary.*

of 918 Hongkong, 2nd April, 1866.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED

NOTICE is hereby given that the Company on this day been registered at with Limited Liability under the provisions of "THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE, 1865."

The Articles of Association lie for Signature at the office of F. L. Haseland, Esq., Solicitor to the Company.

Dated this 2nd day of March A.D. 1866

By Order of the Directors.

R. B. SLATE,
Secretary.

of 513 Hongkong, 3rd March, 1866.

HONGKONG HOTEL COMPANY, LIMITED.

SHAREHOLDERS are hereby notified that the Fourth call of Twenty-five Dollars per Share, on all Shares in the above Company, will be due, on the 16th September next, at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Company, Limited, after which day interest will be charged at the rate of Twelve per Cent. per Annum on all overdue calls.

By Order of the Directors.

R. B. SLATE
Secretary.

of 1274 Hongkong, 13th June, 1866.

ST. JOHN'S CATHEDRAL.

PERSONS requiring SITTINGS for the half year commencing on the 1st October, are requested to apply to

ROBT. S. WALKER, *Treasurer.*

of 2193 Hongkong, 5th October, 1866.

SINGLE GENTLEMAN or Married Couple can be accomodated, on moderate terms, with Comfortable Board and Lodgings in a very healthy locality, and within a short distance of the Post Office.

Address S. W., *Daily Press* Office.

of 793 Hongkong, 2 st October, 1866.

THE Undersigned will not be RESPONSIBLE for any debts contracted by Captain J. L. SCRUB, the Officers, or Crew of the British brig "*HASTY.*"

JOHN HURD & Co.

of 2431 Hongkong, 6th November, 1866.

THE Office of the Undersigned has been REMOVED to No. 3, *D'Aguilar Street*, to the Premises formerly occupied by the NORTH CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY, between Mr. A. SOLER'S and Messrs. LAPRAIK & CO.'S premises.

FREDERIC DEGEN & R.

1m 2107 Hongkong, 3 d November, 1866

THE BUSINESS of the Dad relgned, on and after the 1st of November, will be conducted in their NEW PREMISES, in the *Queen's Road Central.*

G. FALCONER & Co.

of 2308 Hongkong 22nd October, 1866.

OWING to the frequent occurrence of losses arising from Vessels employing SAND or MUD as ballast, the undermentioned Insurance Companies have mutually agreed to decline from and after the 31st of January next, all Insurances by Vessels thus ballasted.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
General Agents Canton Insurance Office
DENT & Co.
Secretaries Union Insurance Society of Canton.
For the North China Insurance Company.
Charles Mackintosh Agent.
RUSSELL & Co.
Secretaries Yangtsze Insurance Association.
AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.
General Agents China Traders Insurance Company Limited.

of 3053 Hongkong, 21st December, 1865.

UNDER DISPATCH.

For Swatow, Amoy and Foochowfoo.—Per *Undine*, To-morrow, the 13th Instant, at 9 A.M.

For Singapore, Penang and Calcutta.—Per *Reiver*, on Friday, the 16th Instant, at 6 P.M.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, NOVEMBER 12, 1866.

INCIDENTALLY, in alluding to another subject, we touched on Saturday, on the uses or misuses to which convict labor in Hongkong is at present applied. The questions connected with this matter would not seem to have been fairly faced by our Government. At home the continual difficulty in the way of making any profitable use of convict labor, is the fear of injuring free laborers by the competition which would inevitably arise if goods were converted into manufactories. In a great overcrowded community like that of England, this really is a danger, and if it once came to be suspected by the poor that crime was the only certain avenue to employment, an effect would be produced which would be far worse than the pecuniary loss arising from the existing system of prison management. Here, however, we have an unlimited quantity of rough engineering work which requires to be done, much of which if it is left to depend upon paid labor will have to remain undone. The convict, even though he should be made to devote his energies to a succession of useful undertakings would not be taking bread from the mouths of any class, and even if he did he is unnecessary to employ as many coolies as would be attracted hither otherwise, that is nothing to us. We have not the interests of the unemployed population of China to care for. If there are unemployed Chinese about the Colony it is because they have immigrated in search of work, and if they have done this when not wanted, the only help for them is to go away again. The economical theory of the colony clearly is that European interests have alone to be considered by the government, and that only those Chinese should be here whom we draw from the population of the mainland to employ in one capacity or another, directly or indirectly. Of coolies there are our Chinese customers as well, and their followers, and in reference to them it is manifestly the interest of the government to make the colony as comfortable and convenient a place of abode as possible, but they may be put out of the question as far as the considerations connected with the labor market are concerned. If all the public work requiring to be done, could be done by the convicts so much the better. Moreover if their laboring power were augmented a hundred fold there would still be an abundant field for its exercise. We want hills levelled in all directions, ponds hewn out and traces of marshy ground reclaimed. We want great rocks chipped and cut into shape for building purposes, and reservoirs constructed in other vallies besides that which opens on Pokefulam. Our mainland territory is the site, let us hope of a future town, and now is the time, before the town has begun to come into existence, during while the site might be smoothed and the peninsular of Kowloon recreated in a size, a which would fit it for the services of man. What do the convicts do towards all this at present? Briefly nothing. They go out in chain gangs and stroll along the thoroughfares, with wretched little baskets on bamboos, and letters on their limbs which would make it impossible for them to work effectually were they so minded even. The carrying of these fetters it is argued, is a part of their punishment, but that is exactly the point. It is a stupid and senseless punishment which inflicts suffering on them, a part of the object in view, but fails altogether in contributing to the public good which might be the other part. That they should be chained in such a way when moving about as would render it impossible for them to escape, is necessary perhaps but the chains if constructed with this view alone might be very different, and they should be discarded as a part of the punishment. The convicts fate should simply be to be for a time a public slave. If he offends the laws of the colony his labor is confiscated to its use to indemnify it for the evil he has done. Judiciously managed that labor might be utilized instead of being allowed as now to run to waste.

All skilled labor is not valueless though of course if the slave is so ill treated that do well or badly his lot remains the same, he gives himself up to despair and as a workman is simply worthless. There must be a reward to chain industry working well, but the penalty to incur by working badly. Human nature is not changed by the sentence of a criminal court, and the same kind of motives will operate with the convict as with the free laborer. Make it possible for the convict to ameliorate his condition by his own exertions and the chances are a hundred to one that he will exert himself. It would be no excessively severity in the case of Chinese convicts whose wants and aspirations are of a simple nature tending for the most part in the direction of comestibles, to devise a scale of inexpensive rewards which coupled with a scale of penalties would induce them to work. Even in the case of those who neglected the experiment of systematic prison management, Sir WALTER CROFTON'S system duly modified, the division of every sentence into a series of periods in which the condition of the prisoner is progressively improved, ought to be especially applicable here.

By way of trying how far convict labor might really be applied to useful purposes in this colony some undertaking might be carried out by means that of labor alone, only supplemented by as much trained industry as might be necessary for its guidance. For example, the reclamation of Causeway Bay is an undertaking which has long been talked of, which would certainly be useful sooner or later, and the extreme simplicity of which points it out as peculiarly well adopted to the experiment we speak of. It is merely a question of constructing away a sufficient quantity of earth from the neighbouring hills, and trundling it in barrows to the bay. Over at Stone Cutters' Island operations of this kind have been carried out on a very much larger scale than in Hongkong, and entirely by means of convicts working with barrows. They do not like the barrows we believe, but that is a subordinate consideration if the barrows are an improvement, regarded from an engineering point of view, on the baskets and bamboos, and of this fact we should say, there could be very little doubt. A certain number, a considerable number of course, of long-sentence convicts should be selected, and made clearly to understand the opportunities in prison life set before them. They, having offended the law, it might be conveyed to them, were required to perform a certain job of work for the colony without pay or profit, as slaves, and like it or not they would have to do it, but at the same time if they accepted their situation as cheerfully as the circumstances would permit, and determined to do this work with all their heart, as if they were free men working for pay, then they would find the term of their sentences shortened, their cookery improved and existence brightened generally. If they were made to see that they were required to accomplish certain work which was desirable for its own sake not merely as a penal task for their moulding, it would obviously put them in better spirits and incite them to exertion. At present the chief task set before them is that of carrying so much chain and so many pounds of iron links upon their legs. Now the dullest Chinese convict must see that the world is no better off if he does it reluctly or cheerfully, well or ill. Indeed it would be difficult perhaps to distinguish between the good and bad performance of such a task as that of carrying iron fetters on the legs, and where there is no gaoler's switch applied over his back, he has no motive for exertion. With a work of obvious utility, however, little as the convict may be desirous of benefitting the colony or pleasing his guardians, the case is different. All writers on prison discipline dwell emphatically on this point. Human creatures cannot do work which obviously tends to no result, it is contrary to their nature, utterly repulsive, horrible, and demoralising, but put them to useful work and even though they are convicts they may be induced by the hope of the smallest reward to work heartily. The Chinese may perhaps have a duller and more lethargic nature than the European convict, but even if the attempt to rule our prisons on intelligent principles did not meet with the brilliant success which attended the efforts of Sir WALTER CROFTON, the great Irish prison reformer, it is a matter of tolerable certainly that it would be followed by some measure of success, and at the same time magnificent public works might be carried on for the benefit of the community, at a very low cost.

Madame Bishop's Concert.

The third and last concert of the series took place on Saturday evening at the Hall in Wyndham Street. The attendance was no improvement upon the former evenings, although the concert was in all respect equal to any of the series. Mdme Bishop was assisted by a distinguished amateur a pianist of much ability and whose performances were highly appreciated by the audience. Mdme Bishop sang as sweetly as ever, especially the new ballad "My Dad in Heaven" by S. Glover which elicited an encore. It is to be hoped that this is not the last time we are to have the opportunity of hearing this artist, but that she may receive sufficient encouragement to give at least another serii s of these delightful concerts

The Shanghai Races.

We condense from the *Shanghai Recorder*, the following account of the Shanghai Races which took place on the 31st of October, and the 1st and 2nd of November:—

FIRST DAY

The inclemency of the weather prevented a large attendance yesterday at the Grand Stand, and there was only a limited number of ladies as that the first day's Races was upon the whole rather a fat affair. We regretted to notice a very general feeling of disappointment with regard to the Horse Races, as it was felt that a little more genuine and sportsmanlike opposition would have greatly improved the day's amusement. Some of the Races were a complete farce. The quiet gentlemanly style of the commander upon her bridge belonging to the same stable, which was sufficient to win the Cathay Cup, values one hundred guineas, almost as absolute as the tacit between *Romarine* and *Smith o'Brien*, where, had the race been called for, the latter horse must have been left three quarters of a mile behind.

The Hon. Jardine, Matheson, China and Japan Ponies. Nine ponies started, *Fleur de Lis* got in an easy winner.

II.—CATHAY CUP.—For all Horses. This was in effect a "walking over" for *Smith o'Brien*, which as the property of the Master must start in order that the Cup may be claimed, his owners sent *Early Purl* to the post *Purl* fell back beaten. From this point *Exeter* had it all his own way, and came in hard held a length in front of *Romarine*.

III.—CONSOLATION PLATE.—Meeting. Weight for inches as per scale.—Distance Tha 6 each.

Fleur de Lis got away first, and kept together for nearly a mile; when two or three tailed off, *Mammon* at the same time making a gallant rush and wresting the lead from *Snowdrop*, who seemed a certain winner, the light blue showing well to the front at the winning post. The owner of the pony as well as the rider were *cheered* enthusiastically amid demonstrations unmistakably proving their great popularity. Time 2 min: 52 sec.

IV.—FARMERS' CUP.—For all Horses. This was by for the most exciting race of the day. *Anecdote* jumped off with the lead; *Sir William* second; *Hungarian* third, and *Exeter* some way behind. *Sir William* soon went to the fore and seemed likely to win offers of 6 to 1 on him being heard; but on going up the Hill *Exeter* was seen to be gaining rapidly on his competitors, passing them one by one and finally shaving *Sir William*, who at one time looked a certain winner. *Fleur de Lis* won the race in fine style.

V.—AUTUMN VASE.—For all Horses.—*Hamsomie* and *Exeter* were the only two horses which started for this race: running well together till the last h, when *Exeter* was ahead and won easily.

VII.—FARMER'S PLATE.—*Birdline*, was very cleverly ridden throughout, and was by about a length.

THIRD DAY.

This day was by far the best of the meeting. Though the weather was somewhat unpropitious there being a drizzling rain, the number of people at the Grand Stand was larger than on Thursday, and the Hor e Races were much superior. The performances of *Exeter* in the *Leeching* and *Farewell Cup* were much admired.

I.—YANG-KING-PANG HANDICAP.—Ponies. Notwithstanding the crushing weight which *Fleur de Lis* had to carry, namely 12 st. 1 lb, pony was looked upon as the favorite in consequence of his performance in the Champion's Cup. A good start was effected. *Birdline* rushing to the front and making the running at a great pace, his rider then deliberately turning his advantage in point of light weight to account, *Barque* one was never headed and won easily.

II.—LEE ORING CUP HANDICAP.—For all Horses. This was a splendid race. On the word to start being given, *Early Purl* took the lead *Exeter* second and *Hamomie* last. They continued in this order till passing the Stand the second time, when *Exeter* went to the front and *Early Purl* fell back beaten. From this point *Exeter* had it all his own way, and came in hard held a length in front of *Hamomie*.

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V.—SCRAPER CUP.—This was a walk over for *Kangaroo*, *Peter Simple* merely going over the first jump to necessitate the former horse going round.

The Loss of the "Westminster."

The Marine court of enquiry into the loss of the "*Westminster*" consisting of Mr. Wayte, Mr. Thomsett, Mr. Maguire, Captain Parish, and Mr. Lingburg, has arrived at the following finding.

FIRST.—That the *Westminister* (Official Number 6327) was lost at about 8.30 P.M on the 30th September, 1866, on the North East extreme of the Pratas Reef in the China Sea.

SECOND.—Owing to the loss of the Ship's Log Book and all papers connected with her navigation, we are unable to arrive at a satisfactory conclusion as to the cause of the wreck of the *Westminster.*' The Master's statement, which is in memory only, shows that there had been no current between the 29th and 30th of September but that from the latter hour to the time at which she struck, 8.30 P.M., she experienced one of 34 miles, due West.

THIRD.—Assuming that the position plotted out by us on the Chart of the *Westminster* was that of the Ship at noon of the 30th ultimo, we are of opinion that, considering the dangerous nature of the Pratas Reef, the hour at which the Master reported to pass it, the direction and lightness of the wind, and the currents to be expected at this season of the year, the course steered which would without any current have taken the ship about 24 miles East of the reef, was one which called for greater precautions than the Master appears to have deemed necessary.

FOURTH.—After the ship struck, the Master adopted every means in his power to, as her off, and his subsequent conduct is deserving of the highest commendation, as he made every possible exertion, though deserted by his Chief Officer and the majority of his crew, to save the cargo and succeeded in rescuing a certain portion.

FIFTH.—That the conduct of the First Mate John Read calls for the severest censure on the evening of the 30th when on watch, a few minutes before the ship struck, he observed a green light on the Port bow. Instead of reporting this to the Master who had given him special orders to this effect and who at the time was standing on the bridge he left the deck for the purpose of procuring a light at the very time that the presence of the Officer of the Watch was peculiarly necessary. The next day he refused to obey the orders of the Master to proceed in a boat to the Island to seek for assistance; when left in charge of the ship he deserted her, without in our opinion adequate reason for doing; declined to return to her when asked to do so by the Master, and did not make proper exertions afterwards to ascertain what had become of him and his boat's crew.

We therefore adjudicate that the Master be re-instated and recommended to be more careful in future, and that the Certificate of Competency of John Read be suspended for one year.

The Court wishes to express its approval of the meritorious conduct of those who accompanied and remained with the Master, viz:—James Forbes, 2nd Mate; John Ferguson, Boatswain; William Caughi, Steward; Geo. Boots, A. B.; and Wm. Reed, order. Appendage; forming a most marked contrast to the behaviour of the remainder of the crew.

It is also of opinion that the Chief Officer of the *Westminster* was navigated one of too old a date and too incorrect to be safely made use of; the ship was imperfectly found in compasses having no means of ascertaining their deviation or of taking a correct bearing of the land; although the loss of the ship was not attributable to these causes we desire to draw the attention of the Board of Trade to the above particulars considering that some supervision may advantageously be exercised. We think the practice (which we believe is too common) of keeping the side lights unlighted is a most dangerous and reprehensible one, involving the necessity in this case of the Officer of the Watch leaving the deck for three minutes at a most critical period.

The Governor approved the finding, but thought the sentence on the mate too lenient. "In his case" said was marked by disobedience and cowardice of the most unworthy character." The court by four to one then proposed to cancel the certificate, but the Governor declined to disturb the first sentence in deference to the strong feeling of the minority.

THE T. E. HOYT.

The court of inquiry into the loss of the T. E. *Hoyt* is "unable to account for her having got on shore where she did," and finds no blame attached to the captain, officers, or crew.

Police Intelligence, November 10th.

BEFORE C. C. SMITH ESQ.

A SUSPICIOUS CHARACTER.

Wong-ayu, described as a hawker, was charged with being in unlawful possession of a teaspoon, a syringe, a chisel and a quantity of horse hair, also with being generally a suspicious character.

Sergeant Langdon, stated that last evening he found prisoner sitting on the basket pendant, underneath the bridge in front of the Murray barracks, and on searching the basket, the articles now produced were discovered. The spoon turned out to be the property of an officer in the barracks, and the bale of the Military hospital are now being unpicked; under these circumstances witness arrested the prisoner on suspicion.

Prisoner who could give no satisfactory account of his possession of these various articles, except that they had been given him by a man whom he did not know, was sentenced to three months imprisonment with hard labour.

LARCENY OF TIN.

Yip-ming, an old offender, was charged with stealing a quantity of tin the property of Messrs. Ray & Co.

Messrs. Lammert, Atkinson & Co's., watchman deposed to arresting prisoner last evening leaving the premises of Messrs. Ray & Co., with the tin now produced concealed on his person.

Mr. Roy, sated that he could fully identify the tin as his property, and prisoner was accordingly convicted of unlawful possession, and sent to gaol for three months with hard labour.

A DAY OF THEFTS.

Slop-achoy, another old offender, calling himself a shopkeeper, was charged with stealing an umbrella from the carriage of J. B. Moulson Esq.

Prosecutor stated that about six o'clock last evening, whilst taking a quiet drive along the Praya East, he suddenly missed his umbrella from the trap.

A Sec chosen on duty in the neighbourhood saw prisoner seize the umbrella, and arrested him at once, and he was given in charge to a constable soon.

Sergeant Langdon stated that he knew prisoner to have been previously convicted, and that under pretence of keeping a shop at Wanchiu he keeps a house notorious as being the abode of thieves, scoundrels and vagabonds of all descriptions.

The magistrate told prisoner that he had been guilty of a disgraceful but-fooed robbery, and that he was a dangerous character, and not all likely to add to the good order and peace of the colony; he should accordingly commit him to gaol for three months with hard labour, and require him to find security for his good behaviour for six additional months at the expiration of his sentence.

LEATHER TOO MUCH OF A JOKE.

Luk-ng No. 402, was charged with W. B. Deaner, Esq., acting Superintendent of Police, with attempting to extort money from him under the following circumstances.

Mr. Deane, stated, that yesterday, being the usual pay day for the constables, prisoner among the rest presented the usual number of men's wages, and shortly after words came back saying that he was $1 short of his proper amount. As he had previously tried on the same game he had been paid in marked money, and on making the complaint should keep short, he was at once searched, and the correct amount of his wages found in his possession.

Mr. Jarman, confirmed this statement, as did an interpreter who was by at the time, and the case was remanded for further indisposition to be made into prisoner's conduct.

NEGLECT OF DUTY.

Chey ayee, head coolie employed by the Government contractor to empty the dust from the public bins, was charged with neglect of this duty.

Inspector de Silva, stated that in going he rounds this morning he noticed that instead of turning the dust in the boats intended for that purpose, prisoner allowed large quantities to be thrown into the harbour.

It appears that prisoner had been previously fined for the same offence, he was now mulcted in the sum of $5. with the option of fourteen days imprisonment.

ALLEGED EXTENSIVE SQUEEZING BY THE SERVANT OF A PAKEA SERGEANT.

A coolie employed at the Wanchi Police Station in charge of Sergeant Langdon was charged with carrying on a pretty extensive system of squeezing in the neighbourhood of Wanchi, under pretence that he was acting only for Sergeant Langdon, his master.

There were upwards of sixty complainants who it was stated had between them, been mulcted by prisoner of about $700 in various dates within the last few months.

Only one witness was examined who sorted to and related the whole affair as a matter of course and to imagine it all proper and in the order to be squeezing to a moderate extent, but only objected to its being carried on too far, he fully intended that prisoner had been sent by Sergeant Langdon, who as officer in charge of the district had an undoubted right to demand a moderate squeeze from time to time.

He was told by the magistrate that he ought to be punished for his fully and stupidity, and the case was adjourned to Tuesday next the 13th inst. when the other victims of this wholesale extortion will be examined.

Chun-apoo and Cheong-apo two of the three men, charged with a complicity in the murder of Khader Khan, on the morning of the 5th of last month were brought before C. C. Smith, Esq. this afternoon, on Saturday last. There was no further evidence than had been previously given before the coroner's inquest, and the court on the previous enquiries, and the two men were duly committed for trial at the Supreme Court; considering that there was no evidence to criminate the third man, he was discharged. There appears to be little doubt that if Wong-asow the convict witness can be persuaded to open his mouth and tell all he knows, but that the two prisoners will stand a poor chance.

The Emperor's Manifesto.

(From the Spectator.)

The Emperor's Circular,—for by common consent it is his own, and signed by M. de Lavalette only in form—vindicates once more for France, under his dynasty, a unique distinction, in which as yet he has found no rival even in Prussia. that of incorporating literary dignity and breadth of view in embodying the attitude about to be assumed by his Government towards the rest of Europe. The Emperor has more than any statesman of his time the art of writing for a nation, writing, that is, simply and without bombast, in the name of the most difficult elements of national life, not merely what tends to reconcile them *inter se*, but also to reassure the bewildered self-respect of the nation by a clear conviction that the French Government is not unconscious of the grandeur of its position as their representative. There is a stately, candour about the Emperor's confessions which elsewhere through whom alone the merchandize of the whole world sent by thas to be most pass.

THE ISTHMUS OF SUEZ.—The Suez Canal' Company having avowed its determination to keep the transport of the fresh-water canal in its own hands, has now announced that the agency of it at Marseilles will withdraw through whom alone the merchandize of the whole world sent by thas to be most pass.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Hongkong, Saturday Evening.

Notwithstanding the drawbacks that at present exist to active revival of trade a review of the past week presents a pleasing though slight improvement.

The general market would appear to have a much more healthy tone, and the movement in trade is much in excess of what it has been for several weeks back. This argues well towards a permanent though gradual improvement.

Notwithstanding the more favorable advices received to-day from Shanghai per *Nipbon* there has been no advance in Opium, but the market has been considerably strengthened by these. The closing quotations are, Patna $610, Benares $607½, Malwa $615, and Eleventh Sale $630. The movements in Cotton to-day has been extremely light, owing no doubt to the fact of Saturday being almost a holiday with the native community. Sales reported are 340 bales Tientsin at $25 to $26, 200 bales at $22. The sales of the week amount to 7,513 bales Bengal, 2,930 bales Tientsin, 470 bales Ningpo, 100 bales Bombay, and 90 bales Rangoon. There has been scarcely anything do ne in piece goods, the only sales reported to-day being 500 pieces T3h. Grey Shirting, Stegg-ye-ma at $8.00 and 500 pieces Dyed Brocades at $5.40 Rice continues firm and prices are improving, sale of 18,000 piculs Rangoon to noted at $2.10. The wreck of the *Zemindary* as it now lays upon the reef was sold on Friday by Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co. as and brought $8.

From Reuter Shipp's & Co's. circular dated Bombay 3rd inst. Cottons were without alteration in price, Outings continued to be taken for the American Market at Rs. 18.3 to 22 for common to fair cargo prices. The settlements for the week are 1,000 bales Dhollerah sheets, 6,336 half chests and 2 280 bales Oomgon, dust and broken leaf at Rs. 6.8 to 11.7.6. common to good common Tis. 12.5 to 15.7.5, Savory to good Savory Tis. 17 to 31.—1,333 chests and 1,168 half chests Oomgon, fair to good at Tis. 17, to 26.5, 13,316 half chests Oolong, inferior to fair cargoes at Tis. 15.5 to 22, good cargoes at Tis. 24, and 480 boxes Scented, dust at Tis. 9. The *Kilenbrough Fonlenaye*, and *Invincible* had sailed for London carrying in all 2,621,900lbs.

IMPORT CARGOES.

Per *Douglas*, from Swatow &c.,—
Treasure, $157,000.

EXPORT CARGOES.

Bark *James Longton* for Melbourne,—
Rice.....2,200 Bags 50lbs. each.
Oil .....1,232 Boxes.
Tobacco .....123 "
Tea .....1,111 Half-chests.
Hemp .....180 Bales.
Merchandize, ...2,067 Packages.

EXCHANGE.

On London.—Bank bills 6 mos. 4/4½
Credits 6 " 4/7 a 4/7½
Documentary Bills 4 " 4/7½ a 4/7¾
Bank bills on demand 4/4 a 4/4½
On Shanghai.—Bank 3 d/s 73⅞ a 73⅝
Private 30 d/s. 7⅛
On Calcutta.—Bank 10 d/s. 219 a 220
" Credit " 3 d/s. Rs. 220

COMMERCIAL POSTSCRIPT.

Hongkong, November 10th, 1866

Opium.—Patna, cash, new, $610, small sales. Benares, cash, new, $605, quoted.

Malwa, cash, $610, to $620, good, $600, to $615, inferior, sales

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The Emperor's Circular,—for by common consent it is his own, and signed by M. de Lavalette only in form,—ventilates some more for France, under his dynasty, a unique distinction, in which as yet he has found no rival even in Prussia, that of incomparable literary dignity and breadth of view in sustaining the attitude about to be assumed by his Government towards the rest of Europe. The Emperor has more than any statesman of his time the art of writing for a nation,—writing, that is, simply and without bombast, in the name of the most different elements of national life, not merely what tends to reconcile them *inter se*, but also to preserve the trembling self-respect of the people with a clear conviction that the French Government is not unconscious of the grandeur of its position as their representative. There is a masterly candour about the Emperor's confessions which says in the clearest tone, "France can afford to tell the truth; there is a comprehensive clearness in his political survey of events which justifies the proud language as to "the elevated point of view of the Imperial Government;" there is a common sense about his reasoning which cannot but inspire confidence in his sagacity. There is a certainty in his patience which is the very language of expectant power; and there is a promise in his forecast which must soothe the restless and restore hope. Whether the language of his masterly State paper should be as re-assuring to the other powers of Europe as it evidently is to the French people, is another question that demands careful consideration.

We may say at once that we do not doubt for a moment but that every word of the circular is sincere—and we should say even more sincere in the expression of the person of Louis Napoleon, than it is in the expression of the political *intentions* of the Emperor of the French. With regard to the latter, though there is no insincerity, there is probably some suppression. With regard to the former, we should say the truth, but we do suspect that the whole truth, is probably not told. No one recognises more clearly than Louis Napoleon that a great national ruler who wishes to establish his dynasty firmly on the people must make some concessions to the genius or vanity of the people, even though in the abstract, and without relation to the temper of the people, such concessions should seem, to a sound political judgment, unwise. We may distinguish therefore to some extent between what Louis Napoleon regards as in the abstract the wisest policy for France, if it were, but was not, would confront France, and which the Emperor of the French sees think the inevitable policy for any ruler who wishes to secure firmly the affections of the people. In general the circular, speaks for itself, for both the lucidity of its intellectual statement, and for the head of the nation; but there is one passage keeping room in the future for a policy which the former probably would be very glad, if he could, wholly to renounce.

In pointing out the solid advantage which France has gained by the final dissolution of the Treaty of 1815; and the complete break-up of the alliance between the three Northern Powers, Russia, Prussia, and Austria, the circular no doubt intentionally exaggerates slightly the beneficial result to France. For many years,—certainly since 1859,—the Treaty of 1815 has been a dead letter. The three Northern Powers have never acted together with anything like cordiality; Prussia did not assist, and Austria seriously embarrassed, Russia in the Crimean war; and the practical gain to France from the final rupture between Prussia and Austria, and the probable future rivalry between Austria as an Eastern power and Russia, is almost infinitesimal, compared with the loss of relative strength in Europe caused by the indefinite growth of Germany now pressing on her eastern border. The new principle that governs Europe," says the circular, "a freedom of alliances." That is true no doubt, but much more freedom of this kind is gained by Prussia than by France. During the Ottoman war Prussia certainly had no freedom of alliance. She dared not ally herself with the Western Powers. Now she is free to ally herself as she pleases. But this how will she be likely to please? The only power towards which she is likely still to cherish any chronic suspicion is France. With the half-protected Germanic States provinces on the French bank of the Rhine, she may still wish for other alliances against the contingency of a French claim, but there are not many quarters of Europe in which she would have much to gain by an alliance against France, and there few are especially quarters in which France would have anything to gain by an alliance with Prussia. France will never willingly aid Prussia to absorb South Germany. Prussia would gain a great deal to prevent any encroachment on Holland. In short, Prussia's new liberty of alliance is likely to be useful enough to her, but not very useful to France, except perhaps, and that is probably what the Emperor means,—against the growing power of Russia. One of the Emperor's old ideas is that there may be much reason to fear Russia's gigantic empire, however the popular judgment assigns to anything like the proportions of its territory. He points out in this circular that Russia might easily sustain a population of 100,000,000 in another century, and he feels some uneasiness, illustrated perhaps by the late reception of the American fleet at St. Petersburg, as to a possible alliance between North America and Russia that would be powerful enough to dictate to Europe. This fear of America was the secret of his Mexican expedition and of his well known sympathy with the South. Against Russia singly, or against such a combination if it is worth while making preparation against a mere dream of future possibilities, no doubt Prussia's new "freedom of alliance" might be of some little benefit to France, and indeed to all Europe. But the circular naturally slightly exaggerates that advantage, in order to make the new disposition of things seem less unfavourable to France.

Again, we feel quite sure that both the Presidential statesman and the Emperor of the South will protect sincerity and with great wisdom in asserting that the satisfaction of the popular desires of Germany by the creation of the new power will diminish the number of Europe's inflammable objects, the dangerous tower of revolutionary passions in Europe, and multiply sympathies between the people of a united and powerful Prussia and the people of a united and powerful Germany. While France was so much more powerful than Germany, and Germans dreaded her and plotted against her, Now their self-respect is restored and Peace is faced with her. This is the sincerest, and also the truest, part of the Emperor's circular. He believes this with all his heart, and he is quite right in so believing.

He is also quite sincere in saying that the uneasiness felt in France, the discomposure with which France has seen another nation forging ahead of her in military renown, if not in national strength, has in it "something legitimate." And we doubt very much if the frank acknowledgment of the necessity of a reorganized army will be accepted by Europe in general as looking solely and ultimately, as no doubt it does immediately, to mere self-defence. For the Emperor has defended in a manner which is susceptible indeed of either a retrospective or a prospective interpretation,—in a manner which perhaps may be said to demand both,—the directions in which France may logically apply to herself the principle of territorial extension. "The Imperial Government" says the circular "has long since laid down the principles in respect of territorial extension. Its comprehended, those annexations which commanded by an absolute *necessity, resulting to the country populations having the same manners and the same national spirit in our*; and it has asked from the free consent of Savoy and the county of Nice the re-establishment of our national frontier. *France can only desire such territorial aggrandizements as do not impair her territorial cohesion;* but she should always labour for her moral or political aggrandizement by using her influence to advance the great interests of civilization." We are told that it is we should say this passage its natural meaning, namely, that if opportunity occurred France would not object to annexations either of the French portions of Switzerland or of Belgium, as it would have been in the Emperor to have entertained an immoral an *arrier pensee*. Well, it is at least permissible to ask how the French Liberals themselves interpret the Emperor's words. The *Etendard* understates this passage in the circular as follows:—"The circular does not speak to the European Cabinets alone; it addresses public opinion. Incessantly occupied with public opinion, the Government of the Emperor understands its susceptibilities, and rectifies or enlightens them. There is nothing in Italy reconstituted, Germany united, to alarm the patriotism of France, for the same impulses which has united Italian and German populations, but a short time ago so much divided, must necessarily promote French unity, and *group around the same centre of nationality those who speak our language above our traditions, and enjoy our laws.*" Both Belgium and Geneva speak the French language, share some of the French traditions, and enjoy the Code Napoleon, and evidently therefore the French liberals regard the circular as deliberately keeping open the hope of territorial extension for France in those directions. And when we remember the other passage in the circular which justifies the irresistible tendency of modern times towards large kingdoms, we do not wonder at the rendering given to the studiedly vague language of the Emperor by the French people. England is not mentioned at all in the circular. The Emperor feels justified by the deliberate declaration of Parliament for a stand-aloof policy, to cast the horoscope of Europe without computing our tendencies and wishes. We are not sure, however, that if either Belgium or Belgium were seriously endangered we should regard the use of the French tongue, knowledge of French traditions, and the enjoyment of the French code, as sufficient reason for acquiescing in the manifest destiny of

THE ISTHMUS OF SUEZ.—The Suez Canal Company having avowed its determination to keep the transport of the traffic over the canal in its own hands, has now announced the name of its agents at Marseilles and elsewhere through whom alone the merchandize of the whole world sent by that to must pass.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Hongkong, Saturday Evening.

Notwithstanding the drawbacks that at present exist to active revival of trade a review of the past week presents a pleasing though slight improvement.

The general markets would appear to have a much more healthy tone, and the movements in trade is much in excess of what it has been for several weeks back. This augurs well towards a permanent though gradual improvement.

Notwithstanding the more favorable advices received to-day from Shanghai per *Nipkon* there has been no advance in Opium, but the market has been considerably strengthened by the following sales:—Patna $616, Benares closing quotations aye, Patna $615, Benares $3073, Malwa $815, and Privates Sales $620.

The movements in Cotton to-day has been extremely limited, owing no doubt to the fact of Saturday being almost a half holiday with the European firms. Sales reported are 330 bales Tientsin at $22 28 to $22, 209 bales at $22. The sales of the week amount to 7,513 bales Bengal, 2,230 bales Tientsin, 470 bales Ningpo, 100 bales Bombay, and 90 bales Bangoon. There has been scarcely anything done in piece goods, the only sales reported to-day being 360 pieces Tbs. Gray Shirting. Singapore range at $3.00 and 5/0 pieces Dyed Brocades at $5.40 Rice continues firm and prices are improving, sale of 16,000 piculs Rangoon is noted at $2.0. The wreck of the *Tsen-Chang's* is now laye upon the reef was sold on Friday by Messrs. Lane, Crawford & Co. at Auction and brought $3,000.

From Messrs Felipp's & Co's. circular dated November 3rd. Congous were without alteration in price. Oolongs continued to be taken for the American Market at Tls. 18.5 to 22 for common to fair, and 23 to 26 for fine. The settlements for the week had been 19,670 chests, 6,598 half chests and 2,590 boxes Congou, dust and broken leaf at Tls. 8.5 to 11.75, common to good common Tls. 12.5 to 13.75, Souchong to good fine Tls. 17 to 31—1,233 chests and 1,188 half chests Scouchong, fair to good at Tls. 17. to 25.5, 13,316 half chests Oolong, inferior to fair range at Tls 18.5 to 24, good range at Tls. 26, and 400 boxes Scented, dust at Tls. 9. The *Edenbrough Kostenaye* and *Invincible* had sailed for London carrying in all 2,621,500lbs.

IMPORT CARGOES.

Per Douglas, from SWATOW &c.,—
Treasure, $157,069.

EXPORT CARGOES.

Bark *James Longton* for Melbourne,—
Rice.....2,309 Bags 50lbs. each.
Oil .....1,212 Boxes.
Tobacco, ... 163 ,,
Tea .....1,111 Half-chests.
Hams .....166 Tins.
Merchandize .....2,067 Packages.

EXCHANGE.

On London.—Bank bills 6 mos. 4/1½
Credits 6 ,, 4/7 a 4/7⅛
Documentary bills 6 ,, 4/7 a 4/7⅛
Bank bills on demand 4/4 a 4/4¼
On SHANGHAI.—Bank 3 d/s. Tls. 219 a 220
Private 30 d/s. 7½
On CALCUTTA.—Bank 3 d/s. Rs. 219 a 220
Private ,, 3 d/s. Rs. 220

COMMERCIAL POSTSCRIPT.

Hongkong, November 10th, 1866

OPIUM.—Patna, cash, new, $815, small sales. Benares, cash, new, $605, quoted. Malwa, cash, $810. to $820, good, $800. to $815, Inferior, sales.

On time Patna New, $816½, sales.
Eleventh sales. Patna, $621½, sales.
COTTON.—Japan, none. Ningpo, $21. to $23½. Shanghai &c., $19. to $25½; Bengal $19. to $23. Bombay $21. $23½, sales.

RICE.—Bengal and Manila, none. Siam, Saigon, Rangoon, &c., $3.85 to $2.25, small sales.

EXCHANGE.—Bank Bills on Calcutta at 3 days' sight, 219½, 8s. at 10 days' sight, 220½, Rs. quoted.

On Bombay at 3 days' sight, 220, Rs.; at 10, days' sight, 221, Rs. quoted.

On London at 6 months' sight, 4/3¾, quoted.

STORE.—8¾ per cent premium, none. Bar Silver, 11, per cent premium, none.

Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Co's Shares, 5 per cent discount, sold, 2 per cent discount new, enquired.

Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co's Shares, 20 per cent premium old, 12 per cent premium new enquired.

Hongkong Gas Company's Shares, 10 per cent premium, quoted.

Union Dock Company's Shares, 25 per cent discount, sales

Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Company's Shares.—5 per cent discount, quoted.

China Traders Insurance Co's Shares—$250. per share premium, sales.

Notices of Firms.

MR. JOHN WILSON and Mr. JOSEPH HAYES were admitted Partners in our Shanghai firm on the 1st October last.

Mr. HAYES will also sign the Hongkong firm.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

3m 2305 Hongkong, 22nd October, 1866.

THE interest and responsibility of Mr. CHARLES ANTHON DE SILVER in our firm, ceased on the first of January, 1866.

DE SILVER & Co.

1m 2329 Hongkong, 24th October, 1866.

NOTICE.

THE PARTNERSHIP hitherto existing between Messrs JOSEPH OXFORD, HENRY DANGERS, JACOB LESH LO and ALEXANDER OSMAN LEVYSOHN has this day been DISSOLVED by mutual consent.

Outstanding accounts will be settled by either of the retiring, who will henceforth sign the firm in English as—

OXFORD & Co.

Hongkong and China,
11th September, 1866. 1f 1886

WITH reference to the above, the business hitherto carried on by Messrs OXFORD & Co., at Hongkong and Canton, will be continued by the Undersigned, who have this day established themselves as Merchants and Commission Agents under the firm of

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co.

J. ARNHOLD.
A. O. LEVYSOHN.
P. KARBERG.

1f 1967 Hongkong, 11th September, 1866.

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. JAMES MACANDREW in our firm ceased on the 30th June, 1866, and Mr. FRANCIS BULKELEY JOHNSON was admitted a Partner from the 1st July last.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

3m 2000 Hongkong, 13th September, 1866.

MR. JOSEPH KRUMMENACHER was from the 1st July, 1866, admitted a partner in my firm, which henceforth will be carried on under the style and name of SANDER & Co.

H. SANDER.

1f 2101 Hongkong, 26th September, 1866.

NOTICE.

THE Business heretofore carried on by BARLMANN & Co., at Hongkong, is this day DISCONTINUED, and the Hongkong Branch of their House closed. The outstanding accounts of their House will be received and settled by the Undersigned.

A. LETHERN.
ADOLPH MEYER.

Per Procuration in liquidation of the Firm of BARLMANN & Co., at Hongkong.
1f 1820 Hongkong 21th August, 1866

FRENCH DISPENSARY.

THE Undersigned having taken over the above Dispensary, Mr. BOURRIAND's interest thereto ceased on the 21st instant. The business of the Dispensary will in future be carried on by the undersigned on the style of firm name of O. HAZA & Co., Chemists, Druggists and Dispensers.

C. J. HAZA.

3m 1944 Hongkong, 25th August 1866.

I HAVE this day established myself as Commission Merchant at this Port.

Office, corner of *Queen's Road Grahe Street*.

C. HARTMANN.

1f 1862 Hongkong, 1st September 1866.

THE Business heretofore carried on by the Undersigned is this day closed. All outstanding accounts will be settled by Mr. G. W. HARMANN, who will sign the firm in liquidation.

ARNSMANN & Co.

1f 1881 Hongkong, 1st September, 1866.

I HAVE this day established myself in business as MERCHANT AND COMMISSION AGENT, under the style or firm of LAND & Co.

JOHN LAND.

1f 912 Hongkong, 7th May, 1866.

NOTICE.

THE interest and responsibility of the Undersigned in the Watchmaking and Jewellery business ceased on the 1st January, 1866, from which date all Debts will be collected, and all Claims paid by Mr. GEORGE B. FALCONER who has taken over the business from that date.

D. LAPRAIK.

1f 959 Hongkong, 4th April, 1866.

WITH reference to the above Advertisement, the Undersigned begs to notify, that the Business from this date will be carried on under the style and firm of G. FALCONER & Co.

G. FALCONER.

1f 967 Hongkong, 9th April, 1866.

MR. WILLIAM JEX STERRY is authorised to sign our firm per Procuration.

Architects, Civil Engineers, &c

Club Chambers,
Hongkong, 1st November, 1866 1f 2295

NOTICE.

MR. DAVID REID is authorised to sign our Firm, per Procuration.

ERNEST MAJOR & Co.

1m 2396 Ningpo, 24th October, 1866. IN.

Vessels on the Berth.

FOR SAIGON,

THE *A* 1 French barque

"PALLAIS GALLIEN,"

E. Robert, Master, will have quick dispatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

LAND TAIN & Co., *Agents*,
71 2178 Hongkong, 10th November 1866

FOR SHANGHAI.

With immediate dispatch.

THE *A* 1 Clipper

"CARL,"

Simmer, Master, has room for a moderate amount of Cargo,

Apply to CARLOWITZ & Co.,
No. 2, d'Aguilar Street, opposite D. Lapraik & Co.
1f 2181 Hongkong, 10th November, 1866.

FOR BOMBAY.

THE *A* 1 British ship

"CHARMIAN,"

will be dispatched for the above Port on the 20th instant.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

GEO. HOLMES & Co., *Br Ares.*
11d 2175 Hongkong, 10th November, 1866.

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG, AND CALCUTTA.

THE *A* 1 British ship

"MUSCAT MERCHANT,"

Ward, Master, will sail shortly for above Ports.

For Freight or Passage apply to

BOWMAN & Co.

11d 2161 Hongkong, 8th November, 1866.

FOR SINGAPORE, PENANG & CALCUTTA

THE British ship

"HENRY HINDLEY,"

Curtain or thor, will have quick dispatch for the above Ports.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

1f 2436 Hongkong 6th November, 1866.

FOR SINGAPORE AND PENANG.

THE *A* 1 Prussian barque

"INGEBURG,"

Cap'n Petersen, will have quick dispatch for the above Ports.

For Freight apply to

ROURJAU, RUBENEK & Co.

1f 2124 Hongkong, 27th September, 1866.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

THE *Good* American ship

"A. M. LAWRENCE,"

Taylor, Master, will be dispatched as above, or a out the 10th inst.

For Freight, apply to

OLYPHANT & Co.

1f 2408 Hongkong, 3rd November, 1866

FOR MANILA. *(Direct.)*

THE *A* 1 Spanish schooner

"ROSALI,"

Magloa, Master, will have immediate dispatch as above.

For Freight, apply to REYNOLDS & Co.

1f 2403 Hongkong 2nd November, 1866.

FOR SAIGON

With quick dispatch.

THE Good British barque

"KATE CLEATHER,"

Captain R Johnson.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

J. S. HOOK.

1f 2307 Hongkong, 22nd October, 1866.

FOR VALPARAISO *direct*,

THE *A* 1 Clipper British barque

"CHILI,"

Captain Glow, will have quick dispatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

1f 2-81 Hongkong, 17th October, 1866.

FOR LONDON.

THE British barque

"CORA LINN,"

Captain Jago, will have quick despatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

1f 2189 Hongkong, 1st October, 1866.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE *A* 1 American Clipper ship

"CHARGER."

Captain Hatch, having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will load at Whampoa for the above Port, and have quick dispatch.

Apply to

OLYPHANT & Co.

1f 2145 Hongkong, 1st October, 1866.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE Good American barque

"POWHATTAN,"

Captain Patten, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will load at Whampoa for the above Port at current rates.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

1f 2113 Hongkong, 27thSeptember, 1866.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE *A* 1 American Clipper ship

"ALICE BALL,"

Captain Ross, will have quick dispatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, Apply to

BOSMAN & Co.

1f 2102 Hongkong, 28th September, 1866.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE *A* 1 † 18 years British ship

"ALBERT VICTOR,"

Overbury, Master, will load at Whampoa, for the above Port, at £2 per Ton of 40 Cubic Feet.

For Freight, apply to

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

1f 1944 Hongkong, 12th September, 1866.

For Freight or Charter.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE Dutch brig

"BENGALLEN,"

Captain Hjelstrom, of 305 Tons Register.

Apply to

DENT & Co.

1f 2295 Hongkong, 8th October, 1866.

Notices of Firms.

NOTICE.

WE have authorised Mr. A. OSTERBERG to sign our firm per procuration.

LAPON FRERES & Cie.

2411 Im. Saigon, 15th September, 1866. N8

THE Undersigned having taken over the business of Messrs. BOWER & Co. in this Colony from Mr. W. A. BOWER (who retires from the firm this day) beg to solicit a continuance of the patronage hitherto so liberally bestowed.

E. M. HARSANT.
GEO. A. F. NORRIS.

Hongkong 1st May, 1866.

WE HAVE this day closed our business at Tientsin. Mr. W. SPARK will liquidate the same, and sign per procuration for the firm in liquidation.

Our business will henceforth be conducted only at Hongkong.

E. & J. MEYER.

3m 2200 Hongkong 1st October, 1866. O 8

I HAVE this day established myself at this Port as GENERAL COMMISSION AGENT under the firm of SPARK & Co.

W. E. A. SPARK.

3m 2201 Tientsin, 1st October 1866. O 8

NOTICE.

MR. M. DE LANGE has this day been admitted a partner in our Firm.

LANDSTEIN & Co.

1f 16. Hongkong, 2nd January, 1866.

MR. JOHN STRANG has been admitted a Partner in our Firm.

RAWLING MEDLEN & Co.

Architects, Civil Engineers, &c

Club Chambers,
Hongkong, 1st November, 18 6 1f 2295

THE INTEREST and RESPONSIBILITY of Mr. JAMES MACANDREW, in our firm ceased on the 30th June, 1866, and Mr. FRANCIS BULKELEY JOHNSON was admitted a Partner from the 1st July last.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.

3m 2000 Hongkong, 13th September, 1866.

MR. JOSEPH KRUMMENACHER was from the 1st July, 1866, admitted a partner in my firm, which henceforth will be carried on under the style and name of SANDER & Co.

H. SANDER.

1f 2101 Hongkong, 26th September, 1866.

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ADOLPH MEYER.

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1f 1820 Hongkong 21th August, 1866

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THE *A* 1 American Clipper ship

"CHARGER."

Captain Hatch, having a large portion of her cargo engaged, will load at Whampoa for the above Port, and have quick dispatch.

Apply to

OLYPHANT & Co.

1f 2145 Hongkong, 1st October, 1866.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE Good American barque

"POWHATTAN,"

Captain Patten, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will load at Whampoa for the above Port at current rates.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

RUSSELL & Co.

1f 2113 Hongkong, 27thSeptember, 1866.

FOR SAN FRANCISCO.

THE *A* 1 American Clipper ship

"ALICE BALL,"

Captain Ross, will have quick dispatch for the above Port.

For Freight or Passage, Apply to

BOSMAN & Co.

1f 2102 Hongkong, 28th September, 1866.

FOR NEW YORK.

THE *A* 1 † 18 years British ship

"ALBERT VICTOR,"

Overbury, Master, will load at Whampoa, for the above Port, at £2 per Ton of 40 Cubic Feet.

For Freight, apply to

AUGUSTINE HEARD & Co.

1f 1944 Hongkong, 12th September, 1866.

For Freight or Charter.

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE *A* 1, 14 years. British barque

"GEORGE SHOTTON,"

Captain G. Bailey, of 949 Tons Register.

Apply to DENT & Co.

1f 2-25 Hongkong, 5th November, 1864

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE British barque

"MI RATOR,"

of abt. of 7,000 piculs on rying Capacity.

Apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

1f 2335 Hongkong, 25th October, 1866

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE *A* 1 British ship

"QUEEN OF ENGLAND,"

of 1200 Tons Register.

For Freight or Charter, apply to

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.

1f 2413 Hongkong, 3rd Nov., 1866.

FOR SALE.

THE *A* 1 British Clipper barque

"*PARAMATTA*"

of 356 Tons Register, carrying capacity as follows:—

9,000 piculs Head weight on a draft of 12 feet; 650 tons weight and measurement cargo, on a draft of 11 feet 6 inches.

She is BUILT of WHITE OAK, is copper-fastened below her Metal Sheathing, is a very fast sailer, and she can go to sea with 30 tons ballast only.

Her appointments are first-rate, and her Inventory is in every respect complete, including an entire suit of new Sails

Apply to,

RUSSELL & Co.

144 2476 Hongkong, 10th November, 1866.

FOR SALE,
SURPLUS STEAMER STORES.

FOR CABIN USE.

PRESERVED VEGETABLES,
JAMS and JELLIES, OLIVES, OLIVE OIL.
TABLE SALT, EXTRACTS, SAUCES, MUSTARD.
PICKLES, and a variety of other articles.
All in good condition, and the greater portion lately received.

FOR ENGINEERS' DEPARTMENT.

COTTON WASTE, Best White and mixed
CASTOR OIL.

SUNDRIES.

GUM SHELLAC.
CALCUTTA SOAP.
TURPENTINE, in Barrels.
Apply to
J. M. DELANO,
at Messrs. RUSSELL & Co.'s Godowns,
East Point.

1f 2280 Hongkong, 17th October, 1866.

NOTICE.

MULLER & CLAUSSEN beg to notify their Friends and the Public in general that their Stock of

READY-MADE CLOTHING

expressly ordered of the best material, and of the latest fashion from the best English and German Houses, has been completed by the last English Mail and the *Lord Macaulay*, and they now submit an inspection of their stock, which by far exceeds that of former years, and consists of:—

LIGHT FLANNEL COMPLETE SUITS
SCOTCH TWEED Do. do.
LIGHT and HEAVY BUCKSKIN COMPLETE SUITS,
LIGHT and HEAVY TWEED and BUCKSKIN TROWSERS.

Patterns to match.

A large assortment of SADDLERY, at London prices.

ALEX. BOYES.
Corner of Wellington & D'Aguilar Streets.
1f 2271 Hongkong, 16th October, 1866.

TO SMOKERS.

FOR SALE.—A new 1 Shag Tobacco CUTTING MACHINE. Cuts the Tobacco any required size with the least possible trouble. Can be seen on the Premises of the Undersigned.

A. MILLAR,
2, Queen's Road East.
1f 2336. Hongkong, 25th October, 1866.

AN invoice of Mineral Water (Readdorfe) Cognac in Barrels and Cases; and Claret.
Apply to
MARGESSON & Co.
1f 218 Hongkong, 13th April, 1866.

PIANINO

A SPLENDID NEW PIANINO, of beautiful tone, expressly built for the Present Owner, who is about to leave the Colony, is To be SOLD at a very moderate price.

Address K S., Office of this paper.
1f 2214 Hongkong, 12th October, 1866.

Vessels Loading.

DESTINATION	VESSEL'S NAME	CAPTAIN	AT	FOR FREIGHT APPLY TO	TO BE DISPATCHED
LONDON	Cora Linn	Jago	Whampoa	Gibb, Livingston & Co	Quick dispatch.
VALPARISO	Chili	Row	Hongkong	Gibb Livingston & Co	Quick dispatch.
NEW YORK	Albert Victor	Overbury	Wampoa	Augustine Heard & Co	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Powhattan	Patton	Whampoa	Russell & Co	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Charger	Hatch	Whampoa	Olyphant & Co	Quick dispatch.
SAN FRANCISCO	Alice Ball	Ross	Hongkong	Bosman & Co	Quick dispatch
S'PORE, P'NANG & CALCUTTA	Henry Handley	Gardne	Hongkong	Gibb, Livingston & Co	Quick dispatch.
Do. Do.	Muscat Merchant	Ward	Hongk ng	Bowman & Co	Quick dispatch.
SINGAPORE & PENANG	Ingeburg	Peters	hongkong	Rourjan, Rubener & Co	Quick dispatch.
BOMBAY	Charmian		Hongkong	Geo. Holmes & Co	On the 20th instant.
MANILA	Rosalia	Magloa	hongkong	Reynolds & Co	Quick dispatch.
SAIGON	Kate Cleather	J hnson	Hongkong	J. S. Hook	Quick dispatch.
Do.	Pallais Gallien	Robert	Hongkong	Landstein & Co	Quick dispatch.
YOKOHAMA	A. M. Lawrence	Taylor	Hong-kng	Olyphant & Co	On the 10th instant.
SHANGHAI	Oarl	Stimmer	Hongkong	Carlowitz & Co	Quick dispatch.

For Freight or Charter.

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Apply to DENT & Co.

1f 2-25 Hongkong, 5th November, 1864

FOR FREIGHT OR CHARTER.

THE British barque

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of abt. of 7,000 piculs on rying Capacity.

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Her appointments are first-rate, and her Inventory is in every respect complete, including an entire suit of new Sails

Apply to,

RUSSELL & Co.

144 2476

Extracts.

The Simla Court-martial.

In a volume published some years back, entitled "Sketches in India," by a gentleman named Lang, there is a paper descriptive of a court-martial, of which we are strongly reminded by the news brought by each successive mail from Simla. Two lads, who have recently joined their regiments at a pleasant hill station, fall out at mess, and use "unparliamentary" language to each other. The next day they are sorry and ashamed of their misconduct, and express to their brother officers their anxiety to make any amends in their power. But their colonel, a harsh and dull man, inward of seeing the mannery sands in five minutes in his orderly room, will hear of nothing but a court-martial, and a court-martial is accordingly convened. One of its members, a clever subaltern, called up from a hot, and unhealthy post in the plains, is delighted at the change, and finding the mess, of which he is made an honorary member, pleasant, and the Madeira in drought particularly good, he determines to make the job last as long as he can. His project is at first endangered by the resolve of the two prisoners to plead guilty; but he contrives to over-persuade them on that point, and their trial proceeds. The president of the court is a pompous martinet, knowing no limit of law that he is convinced he knows a great deal of it; most of the other members are exactly in the same position as to their legal knowledge, and the deputy judge advocate is a married man with a large family, nervously anxious to please his superiors on whom his very existence depends, and not romantically energetic in forwarding the interests of justice. So the clever subaltern betakes himself with impenetrable gravity to press all sorts of irrevelant questions, and to raise all sorts of absurd doubts on all possible points; and thus to wear the court to wrangle about them and to drink Madeira. He succeeds in involving his colleagues in a tangle of issues, and in a maze of evidence from which they are utterly incapable of extricating themselves, and at last, when the sickly season in the plains is over, and when the particular bin of Madeira which he affects is drunk out, he induces the court to arrive at a finding so manifestly absurd and unjust that the commander-in-chief finds himself unable to confirm it. The prisoners are in consequence released and sent back to their duty unpunished, and the subaltern returns to his post in the plains, after having spent three months in very pleasant society with much benefit to his health, carrying with him the well-earned reputation of being a sharp fellow, and a capital judge of Madeira.

This, is, of course, a caricature; but it is scarcely possible to caricature what is now going on at Simla. The charges against Captain Jarvis are simple; the facts on which they are founded are not disputed. The only question the court-martial has to decide is, whether Captain Jarvis took the Commander-in-Chief's horses—he confessedly of which he really admits—privily and in a lavenous spirit, or openly at a loan, with the value of which he proposed to debit himself when he made up his Excellency's final accounts. Any civil court would have satisfactorily disposed of such a simple matter in a single afternoon. And the following is the progress which a general court-martial, consisting of a brigadier-general, eleven lieutenant-colonels (five of whom are in command of regiments), and a major, have made towards settling it after eleven-five days' labour. They commenced their investigation of the case—which had previously been investigated by a court of inquiry—on the 25th of last June. Between that date and the 24th of July they continued to get through the examination of the witnesses for the prosecution—fourteen in number; ere cy question put being first reduced to writing to be considered and approved by the court, an ingenious process by which all effective cross-examination is prevented. On the 26th of July the court adjourned for eight days, to afford time to the prisoner, who hapnily called no witnesses, to prepare his defence. On the 8th of August the defence was read, when the court adjourned for twelve days to afford time to the prosecutor to prepare his reply. On the 18th of August the reply was read, when the court adjourned for eleven days to allow time to the prisoner to prepare his rejoinder. This brings the affair to the beginning of September, the when a court, if not over-jealous is insisted upon by the Commander-in-Chief, will be in a position, after eight days' labour, to commence their deliberations as to the guilt or innocence of the prisoner; and as Simla is a very healthy and pleasant place—the pleasantest and healthiest in India—it is more than probable that their deliberations will be very deliberate indeed.

And when, in due course of time, the verdict of this astonishing court-martial is delivered, much will still remain to be done before its members can separate and return to the ordinary duties of their profession. Their finding must be examined, approved, and confirmed by the Commander-in-Chief—in this instance, unfortunately, plaintiff as well as judge—and if the Plaintiff-Judge is not satisfied with it, he may send it back to the court for revision, and when revised, may either confirm it, or decline to confirm it or, once finding it, may at the same time record his disapproval of it. The general court-martial now sitting at Simla will, as we have shown, only begin to consider what its verdict in this petty business shall be on the sixty-fifth day of its sitting, and the chances are that the matter will not be finally concluded for a month or two more, if it is ever concluded at all. Decidedly Mr. Lang has not exaggerated an account of court-martial in his "Sketches of India."—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

Trade and Finance.

The *Daily News* says that as far as this country is concerned there appears little reason to hope that commercial affairs will for the next few months be as prosperous as in ordinary times. The internal demand for goods must necessarily be all cred by the contingency of a partially sickened harvest following upon the cattle plague at home. The action of labour is by no means satisfactory. Abroad, prospects are not much brighter. Neither France, Germany, nor Italy are in a financial condition to require large supplies of our goods. Turkey and Egypt are more or less directly hampered with the ever-reviving Eastern question, and the former especially has at least one insurrection on her hands, and the not remote prospect of many more. Our exports to that quarter are thus not likely to materially augment. As regards the United States, the sudden revival in the commerce of this two countries on the cessation of the war just a year ago, has so yielded into its ordinary channels. Turning to other transatlantic countries, the prospect is not very inviting. Mexico is fluctuated by a revolution, Brazil and her allies by an apparently interminable war; Chili and Peru by the apprehension of renewed attacks from Spain; and the other South American States by their general condition of chronic trouble. Altogether, if trade is maintained at its present point, we shall have abundant reason for congratulation. The supply of capital promises to be in excess of the demand. According to all appearance the rate of discount will be down to 4 or 3 per cent., perhaps, before the end of the year.

THE IRISH FRONTIER.—AN ANECDOTE OF LOUIS PHILIPPE.—Sir Pops Hennessy has just published a pamphlet on Napoleon and the Rhine, in which he gives a conversation which took place between himself and Lord Palmerston on the subject of the French pretensions to the Rhenish provinces. I was in the habit of this eminent statesman to converse with much openness in the room of the House of Commons with members of all parties and opinions. In the summer of 1863 he addressed Mr. Hennessy, then one of the rank and file of the Opposition, and the following conversation took place:—"I see from Harris," his lordship said, "that the Emperor has been talking to you again about Poland. Do you know what he really wants?" "I suppose," was the reply, "he wants us to keep the engagements which England shares in common with France, and which Lord Russell, in his speeches, more and again—" Don't quote John's speeches," interrupted the Premier, "let us talk sensibly. Don't you know the Emperor only wants the Rhine? He has not been speaking about it?" "I really know nothing of the kind," said the other. "The Emperor is a man of business. He speaks always of the matter in hand, and he is not very likely to come all this time talking to me on an abstract question of remote politics." "Ah," replied Lord Palmerston, "your favourite Poland is far more abstract and remote at this hour than the Rhenish frontier." But, supposing it," rejoined the other, "it is possible to see any such benefit to England in keeping the Rhenish frontier from France as would make you oppose its annexation?" "Certainly not," said the Cross Minister, "certainly not; but there is a vast difference between opposing and encouraging. It would be insanity for us to oppose that which the French have such a natural desire to accomplish, and in which we have not the smallest direct interest one way or the other; but there are good reasons also why we must not do any thing now to encourage him." He returned to his seat in the House without saying what those reasons were.

Houses, Lands, Tenements, &c.

TO LET.

TO LET.

A DWELLING HOUSE, delightfully situated on the corner of *Chancery Lane*. Rent moderate.

Apply to ARNOLD, KARBERG & Co.

if 2154 Hongkong 5th November, 1866.

TO LET.

A GODOWN or GODOWNS and DWELLING HOUSE and STORE, situated on the Praya, adjoining the Godowns of Messrs. GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., and lately occupied by Messrs. Dent & Co., Ship Chandlers.

Apply to PHILLIPS, MOORE & Co.

if 2143 Hongkong, 7th November, 1866

TO LET.

TWO GRANITE GODOWNS, in *Praya, West-end*; one is of 2,500 Tons capacity, and the other 1,500 Tons. Part of a GODOWN can be hired or part hired of Goods. Rent moderate.

Apply to TANG-ALOOK.

Canton Bazaar.

1e 2389 Hongkong, 1st November, 1866

TO LET.

TWO STALLS for HORSES, and space for two BASKET CARRIAGES, on *Hollywood Road*.

Address A. Z., *Daily Press* Office.

if 2309 Hongkong, 31st October, 1866.

TO LET.

THE COMMODIOUS DWELLING HOUSE, No. 7, containing 8 ROOMS, situated at the North-east corner of the Calcada de St Quintalho and the Praia Grande, Macao. Now in the occupation of Messrs. OSTLER, PEACOCK & Co. Possession can be had on the 17th December next.

For further particulars, apply to

J. D. ENDICOTT.

if 2365 Hongkong, 29th October, 1866.

SEVEN NEW GODOWNS, in rear of the Offices of the Undersigned.

Apply to

PHILLIPS, MOORE & Co.

if 2224 Hongkong, 10th October, 1866.

TO LET.

THE EXTENSIVE PREMISES on the *Queen's Road East*, lately occupied by the CENTRAL BANK OF WESTERN INDIA.

Apply to

P. A. & G. CAMAJEE & Co.

if 2216 Hongkong, 9th October, 1866.

TO LET.

TWO ROOMS, suitable for Residence or Office in a House on *Pedder's Hill*. Address A.Q., *Daily Press* Office.

if 2189 Hongkong, 6th October, 1866

TO LET.

TWO Commodious Semi-detached DWELLING HOUSES, on *Kowloon Road East*.

Apply to

Messrs. LYALL, STILL & Co.

if 2090 Hongkong, 24th September, 1866.

TO LET

TWO ROOMS suitable for OFFICES or RESIDENCE, adjoining the CLUB.

Apply to the HONGKONG DISPENSARY

if 2021 Hongkong, 15th September, 1866.

TO LET.

TWO LARGE WELL-VENTILATED ROOMS in the *Queen's Bank*. They are well adapted for Offices, and have been recently occupied by Messrs JARDINE, MATHESON & Co. Also at the same place on the FIRST FLOOR, a suite of THREE ROOMS, with BATH ROOM attached, suitable either for a Dwelling, or Offices. The whole, or part, can be let to meet the requirements of applicants.

For terms, &c., apply at the MEDICAL HALL.

if 1997 Hongkong, 11th September, 1866

TO LET

ON the Centre of the PRAYA, a GROUND FLOOR, suitable for an Office, with a God, arm-yard, possession can be had on the 1st October next. Rent $110 per month.

Address to A. B., Office of this Paper.

if 1918 Hongkong, 5th September, 1866.

TO LET.

FOR a term of years, with early possession, those desirable premises in Bank Building, Praya situated between two Agra Bank and Compagnie d'Escompte, at present in the occupation of the Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan. The principal building is very suitable for division into Offices or Chambers.

For further particulars apply to

GILMAN AND Co.

if 901 Hongkong 17th April, 1866.

TO LET.

THE HOUSE and GODOWNS on the Praya recently occupied by Messrs. Lindsay & Co.

Apply to

R. G. LINSTEAD.

if 1530 Hongkong, 18th July, 1866.

TO LET.

THE Premises recently occupied by Messrs Ray & Co. Adjoining

J. D. ENDICOTT.

if 832 Hongkong, 2nd May, 1866.

TO LET.

GRANITE GO-DOWNS at *Wanchai*, having water frontage. Apply to P. & A. G. CAMAJEE & Co.

if 1723 Hongkong, 11th August, 1866.

With immediate possession.

THE Property known as "ALBION PLACE," having a frontage of Eighty-three feet on Wellington and Gage Streets, and of two hundred and twenty-nine feet on Aberdeen Street, comprising a superficial area of about 10,000 square feet.

Annual Ground Rent £2. 12. 6.

For further particulars apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON and Co.

if Hongkong, 24th February, 1864.

TO LET.

TWO or three ROOMS suitable for an Office on the ground floor of the newly built house on the Praya, next to the Oriental Bank. For particulars apply to

P. F. CAMA & Co.

if 1895 Hongkong, 16th July, 1866.

TO LET.

THE PREMISES of the late Oriental Hotel, consisting of three Houses, with Kitchen, Out-houses, and Stables. (Gas and Water being laid on all through the premises,) either together or separately. Alterations to suit parties may be made if to on for a length of time.

For particulars apply to LANDSTEIN & Co.

if 1471 Hongkong 11th July, 1866.

TO BE LET.

THE OPTION of GODOWN situated at the corner of Wellington and Aberdeen Streets, and at present in the occupation of Messrs. Ellerslie and Sander.

For particulars apply to

GIBB LIVINGSTON and Co.

if 843 Hongkong, 7th March, 1865.

GRANITE GODOWNS on Marine Lot No. 715, at Wanchai, having Water Frontage and about 25,000 Piculs holding capacity for one or two.

Apply to DORABJEE NOWROJEE.

if 35 Hongkong, 4th January, 1866.

SPACIOUS GODOWN on the Praya Central.

Apply to

R. SILVER and Co.

if 129 Hongkong, 17th January, 1866.

LIGHTERAGE and STORAGE.

THE Undersigned will undertake to land Cotton, Rice, Goods, and other Merchandise in their own Boats, and to receive the same on Storage in first class GRANITE GODOWNS on moderate terms.

ROBT. S. WALKER & Co.

if Hongkong, 4th March, 1865.

MESSRS. SHARP & Co.

Bill and Bullion Brokers,

Bank Buildings.

CLAIMS OF ALL KINDS upon the COMMERCIAL BANK CORPORATION OF INDIA AND THE EAST, and the AGRA AND MASTERMAN'S BANK, Limited, in Liquidation, Sterling or Rupee Bills, Past Drafts, Drp at Receipts, Current Account Balances, Notes and Certificates of Indebtedness NEGOTIATED FOR IMMEDIATE CASH.

if 1017. Hongkong, 8th September, 1866.

MRS. VINTON'S

PRIVATE FAMILY BOARDING HOUSE.

Hollywood Road,

(Next door to the Hotel d'Europe)

COMMANDING A DELIGHTFUL VIEW OF THE HARBOUR.

if 1891 Hongkong, 1st September, 1866.

ARGUS HOTEL.

THE Undersigned begs to inform the inhabitants of Hongkong that he has taken over the interests in the ARGUS HOTEL, and he trusts by strict attention to the comfort of his patrons and the moderation of his charges to merit their support.

Orders for Dinners, promptly executed.

F. FAUBERT.

Argus Hotel, *Pedder Street*,

if 2185 Hongkong, 5th October, 1866.

Insurances.

LIFE ASSURANCE.

THE Undersigned have received authority by a recent Mail to issue LIFE POLICIES to amounts not exceeding £1,000 without reference to the Head Offices, as was previously required by the Board.

ROBT. S. WALKER AND Co.,

Agents, Royal Insurance Co.

555 Hongkong, 7th January, 1866

MANCHESTER FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER, AND LONDON

Capital—One Million Sterling.

THE DIRECTORS have the pleasure to announce the appointment of Messrs. HOLLIDAY WISE & Co., as Agents for this Company at Hongkong, Shanghai, Canton, Hankow, and Foochow, who are prepared to grant Insurances at Current Rates, and of whom all needful information may be obtained.

By Order of the Board

JAMES B. NORTHCOTT,

Secretary.

THE COMMERCIAL UNION ASSURANCE COMPANY OF LONDON

CAPITAL £2,500 000 FULLY SUBSCRIBED

THE undersigned have been appointed Agents for this Company are prepared to accept Marine and Fire Risks on the usual terms.

THE HORNBY COMPANY LIMITED.

if 780 Hongkong, 10th February, 1865.

YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

A RETURN of (15%) Fifteen per cent. instead of (10 %) Ten per cent. will after this date be made on the premium payable on Policies issued in China by the above named Association.

RUSSELL & Co., *Secretaries.*

if 480 Hongkong, 14th March 1866.

LIVERPOOL LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurances viz:—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from Town and their contents	½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents.	½ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	½ per cent.

SMITH, KENNEDY AND Co.,

Agents Liverpool, London, and Globe Insurance Company.

if 869 Hongkong, 8th March, 1865.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL Tls. 2,0 0,000

in 400 Shares, of Tls. 5,000 each.

Paid-up Capital, Tls. 200,000.

Directors.

GEORGE TYSON, Esq., (Messrs. Russell & Co.)—*Chairman.*

J. H. BELL, Esq., (Messrs. W. R. Adamson & Co)

F. FORBES, Esq., (Messrs. Gibb, Livingston & Co.)

J THORNE Esq. (Messrs. Thorne Bros & Co.)

R. R TYRES, Esq. (Messrs. Oliphant & Co.)

A. J. HOPE, Esq. (Messrs. Johnson & Co.)

Agencies are established at the a veral ports of China and Japn.

L. JOSEPHS, *Secretary.*

Shanghai, 22nd August, 1864.

REDUCTION

To the rates o' premium for

FIRE INSURANCE.

THE undersigned have (as already intimated in their Circular dated 14th October last, received authority from the Secretary of the Royal Insurance Company to reduce the rate of Premium under certain circumstances, on private residences and on Furniture insi adhose therein contained.

In cases of Dwelling Houses removed from the Town the rate of premium will be three-quarters per cent. in place of one per cent. per annum as hitherto charged, and in cases of Rest leuces so situated being detached or semi-detached the rate will be further reduced to one-half per cent.

The Royal's annual rates for Fire Insurances on the various classes of Buildings and their contents will therefore remain as follows until further notice, viz:—

Detached and semi-detach d Dwelling Houses (removed from the Town) and their contents	½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses (similarly situated) and their contents	½ per cent
Offices and Godowns and their contents	¼ per cent
First Class China Houses and their contents	¼ per cent.
Other Risks by Special arrangement.	

ROBERT, S. WALKER & Co.,

Agents, Royal Insurance Company.

if 714 Hongkong, 01 November, 1866

REDUCTION

IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM FOR FIRE INSURANCE.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to REDUCE the rates for FIRE INSURANCE for SHORT PERIODS, viz:—

On Policies not exceeding 1 month ...	from ½ to ¼ per cent.
On Policies not exceeding 3 months...	from ½ to ½
On Policies not exceeding 6 months...	from ¾ to 1

ROBT. S. WALKER AND Co.

Agents

Royal Insurance Company.

if 1809 Hongkong, 25th August, 1866.

PHŒNIX ASSURANCE.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance viz:—

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses, removed from town and their contents.	½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such and their contents.	½ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	½ per cent.

SMITH, KENNEDY AND Co.

Agents Phœnix Assurance.

if 876 Hongkong 8th March, 1865.

ALLIANCE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

THE following reduced rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

One month	¼ per cent.
Three months	½ per cent.
Six months	¾ per cent.

JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,

Agents, Alliance Fire Insurance Company

if 1898 Hongkong, 6th August, 1866.

NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents for Hongkong and Canton, and are prepared to grant Insurance Policies against fire on brick and tiled godowns, Dwelling Houses, &c., and on goods and others property stored therein.

THE BORNEO COMPANY, LIMITED.

if 2814 Hongkong, 16th November, 1865.

HAMBURG, BREMEN, FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned are now authorized to accept insurance against Fire at Hongkong and at any of the open ports in China to the amount of Marieens $30,000 on one Risk.

WM. PUSTAU and Co., *Agents*

Hongkong, 23rd March, 1864

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above office are prepared to grant Policies against Fire on the usual Terms and conditions. Risk will also be accepted at the following ports:—

Canton, by Messrs. Deacon & Co.

Macao, by E. L. Lanco, Esq.

Amoy, by Messrs. Boyd & Co.

Foochow, by Messrs. Kinnear & Co.

Full particulars of Rates, &c., may be obtained on application to

ADAM SCOTT & Co., Agents.

if 1033 Hongkong, 23rd May, 1866.

LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept Insurances against FIRE upon European Buildings and Merchandise, and upon Chinese Property.

LYALL, STILL & Co.

122 Hongkong, 24th October, 1864.

YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

A DIVIDEND of (8 per cent.) *eight* per cent. has been declared on the net Premia contributed to the above Association for the year ending 30th September, 1865.

Policy holders will please send in particulars of their contributions to that date to the undersigned.

RUSSELL and Co.

if 1074 Hongkong, 11th September, 1866.

Insurances.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REGISTERED UNDER THE COMPANY'S ORDINANCE FOR 1865.

Capital One Million Dollars.

THE above Company is now prepared to grant Policies against Fire, on Buildings and Goods on the usual terms.

JARDINE MATHESON AND Co.

General Managers.

if 1202 Hongkong, 9th June 1866.

HONGKONG FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

THE following reduced rates will be charged in future for SHORT PERIOD Insurances, viz:—

One month	¼ per cent.
Three months	½ per cent.
Six months	¾ per cent.

JA DINE, MATHESON & Co.,

General Managers, Hongkong Fire Insurance Company.

if 1680 Hongkong, 7th August, 1866.

SAMARANG SEA & FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAMARANG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Macao for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies covering marine risks at the current rates.

RAYNAL & Co.

if 1674 Macao, 6th August, 1866.

DE OOSTERLING.

SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAMARANG.

SAMARANG SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAMARANG.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong, for the above named Companies, are are prepared to grant Policies against Sea Risks on the usual terms.

SIEMSSEN & Co.

if 1676 Hongkong, 3rd August, 1866.

Reduced Rates of Premium for Fire Insurance.

GUARDIAN INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned are pre ared to accept short risks at the following reduced rates.

Not exceeding 1 Mo.	1 per cent.
Above 1 mo. but not exceeding 3 months	½ per cent.
Above 3 mo. but not exceeding 6 months.	¾ per cent.

ALFRED WILKINSON, & Co.

Agents

Guardian Fire and Life Assurance Office,

if 1051 Hongkong, 2nd August, 1866.

PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents in China for the above INSURANCE COMPANY, are prepared to grant Policies covering Marine Risks at the Current Rates.

RUSSELL & Co.

6 in 1879 Hongkong, 24th July, 1866.

LONDON AND PROVINCIAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to grant Policies at the usual Terms.

SMITH KENNEDY and Co.

203 Hongkong, 29th August, 1866.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

UNTIL further notice the following Annual Rates will be charged for Fire Insurance, viz:—

Detached & semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from Town and their contents	½ per cent.
Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents	½ per cent.
Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents.	½ per cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON and Co.

Agents Imperial Fire Insurance Company.

if 866 Hongkong, 7th March, 1865.

REDUCTION OF RATES.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept short period risks at the following reduced scale viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month ...	1 month ½ of the annual rate.
Above 1 month, and not exceeding ...	3 " ½ do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding ...	6 " ¾ do. do.
Above 6 months and not exceeding ...	12 " the annual rate.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

Agents Imperial Fire Insurance Company.

if 1691 Hongkong, 4th August, 1866.

UNIVERSAL MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above-named Company at Hongkong, are prepared to grant Policies, payable in the following Ports:—

London.	Madras.
Calcutta.	Melbourne.
Bombay.	Five Ports.
Kurrachee.	Shanghai.

SMITH, KENNEDY AND Co.

Hongkong, 1st August, 1866.

YANG-TSZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION OF SHANGHAI.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Secretaries and Agents of this Association, are prepared to issue Policies upon Marine Risks at current rates of premium. Policies can be made payable in London, New York, Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Hongkong, Foochow and Shanghai.

The profits as to the usual brokerage this Association returns to the insured of each year at the close of each current year, fifteen (15) per cent. of the profits of the Company for that year dividend per rata to the amount of premium paid by each policy-holder.

RUSSELL and Co.

Hongkong, November, 1862.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling Houses removed from Town and their contents ... ½ per cent.

Other Dwelling Houses used strictly as such, and their contents. ... ½ per cent.

Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents. ... ½ per cent.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON AND Co.

Agents China Fire Insurance Company.

if 873 Hongkong 8th March, 1865.

REDUCTION OF RATES.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept short period risks at the following reduced scale, viz:—

Not exceeding 1 month ...	1 month ½ of the annual rate
Above 1 month and not exceeding ...	3 " ½ do. do.
Above 3 months and not exceeding ...	6 " ¾ do. do.
Above 6 months and not exceeding ...	12 " the annual rate.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,

Agents, China Fire Insurance Company

if 1695 Hongkong, 8th August, 1866.

CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents of the above Company at this Port, are prepared to grant Policies against Fire to the extent of $80,000 on dwelling houses, or on Goods stored therein.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON and Co.

if Hongkong, 24th August, 1866.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

REDUCTION IN THE RATES OF PREMIUM.

Detached and semi-detached Dwelling House, removed from Town and their contents. ... ½ per cent. per annum

Other Dwelling House used strictly as such, and their contents. ... ½ "

Godowns, Offices, Shops, &c., and their contents. ... 1 "

GILMAN and Co.

Agents North British and Mercantile Insurance Company.

if 896 Hongkong, 10th March, 1865.

BATAVIA SEA AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents in Hongkong for the above named Company, are prepared to grant Policies against sea risks at current rates.

RUSSELL and Co.

if 1022 Hongkong, 1st April, 1865.

NORTHERN INSURANCE COMPANY.

THE Undersigned, Agents of the above Company, are authorised to accept the following Rates of Premium, for SHORT PERIOD RISKS on First-class Godowns and Goods Stored therein

For 1 month ...	¼ of Annual Rate.
For 2 months ...	½ do. do.
For 6 do. ...	¾ do. do.
Above 6 months the full Annual Rates.	

TURNER & Co.

if 1769 Hongkong, 17th August, 1866.

SHORT PERIOD RATES.

Not exceeding Above 1 month and not exceeding ...	1 month	½ of the annual rate.
Above 3 months and not exceeding ...	3 "	½ do. do.
Above 6 months and not exceeding ...	6 "	¾ do. do.
Above 6 months and not exceeding ...	12 "	the annual rate.

GILMAN & Co.,

Agents, North British & Mercantile Insurance Company.

if 1702 Hongkong, 6th August, 1866.

REDUCTION OF RATES.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept SHORT RISKS at the following Reduced Rates,—

Not exceeding Above 1 month, but not exceeding ...	1 month	per cent.
Above 3 months but not exceeding ...	3 "	½ do. do.
Above 6 months but not exceeding ...	6 "	¾ do. do.
	12 "	full annual rate

ADAM SCOTT & Co.,

Agents, Sun Fire Office.

if 1729 Hongkong, 13th August, 1866.

AMOAHER INSURANCE OFFICE.

THE undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Insurance Office, are prepared to accept MARINE RISKS, and issue Policies on any First-class Sailing Vessels or Steamers on the usual terms, payable in case of loss, in China Singapore, Calcutta, Bombay or London.

ROBT. S. WALKER and Co.

if Hongkong, 8th October, 1866.

LONDON AND ORIENTAL STEAM TRANSIT INSURANCE OFFICE.

137, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

JAMES HARTLEY & Co.—*Managers.*

ESTABLISHED 1845.

THE Undersigned is authorized to accept risks on behalf of the Office, by First Class Steamers.

THOS. SUTHERLAND, *Agent.*

if Hongkong 17th March, 1866.

QUINA LAROCHE.

A NEWLY-DISCOVERED and elegant PREPARATION of QUININE, in a most agreeable form, highly recommended and in great request by the most eminent Physicians in London and Paris. Those suffering from the Fever and Ague of a Tropical Climate, or in the less of appetite, occasional at acks of Low Fever, will find the above an invaluable remedy, as it do s not prod c a headache, which is so frequently the case after taking the ordinary preparations o Quinine.

To be had *only* at THE MEDICAL HALL, in *Queen's Road*, convenient bottles, with glass measure attached.

if 2009 Hongkong, 15th September, 1866.

FROM and after this date BEYNYAAN BROTHERS & Co., will carry on their Business, (Successors to that of Ship Chandlers and Commission Agents) as General Merchants and Commission Agents.

BEYNYAAN, BROTHERS & Co.

if 2151 Hongkong, 2nd October, 1866.

Business Announcements.

PRIVATE FAMILY BOARDING HOUSE,

No. 18, ST. LOURENCO, MACAO

LADIES and GENTLEMEN visiting Macao are respectfully invited to the above ESTABLISHMENT, where they will find every comfort and convenience desirable, and on the most reasonable terms.

For particulars apply on the Premises,

18, St Lourenco, MACAO.

if 2148 Hongkong, 7th November, 1866.

DEEDS of Indemnity Cost have been established at the undermentioned Ports.

Swatow,.....Messrs. Smilly & Co.

Amoy,.....Messrs Rites & Co.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.

if 2130 Lahoon, 1st August, 1865.

DENTISTRY.

THE Undersigned having just received a lot of DENTAL MATERIALS, is prepared to supply complete or partial sets of TEETH on the gold plate or vulcanite base. TOOTHACHE cured. TARTAR removed, and CAVITIES of decay filled with gold, or a hard white enamel cement.

Persons moving his residence, at a reasonable rates, should address him at once. HELEN EUROPE, as his stay at Hongkong is limited.

if 2328 Hongkong 21th October, 1866.

J. COLLINS.

TALBOT AND CO.

SHIP CHANDLERS AND COMMISSION AGENTS.

Nos. 120, and 122, QUEEN'S ROAD,

A READING ROOM attached. Entrance Free

if 2823 Hongkong, 29th November, 1865.

THE Undersigned begs to inform Masters of Vessels and other Gentlemen visiting this Port, that he has established himself as GENERAL SHOREKEEPER and AUCTIONEER, and trusts by strict attention and moderate charges to merit a share of the Public Patronage.

N. STEFFENS.

dw 2268 Tamsui, 12th Sept.-1866 831

THE Undersigned have been appointed Agents at this Port for the BOARD OF MARINE UNDERWRITERS OF SAN FRANCISCO.

OLYPHANT & Co.

if 1897 Hongkong, 3rd September, 1866

WEED BROTHERS

PRINT GRAINERS

(*Opposite the "Daily Press," Office*)

Those wishing first class Pnotographs that are permanent, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

if 478 Hongkong, 13th March, 1863.

ALEXANDER BIELFELD.

PRODUCE, SHARE AND HOUSE-BROKER

Gage Street, No. 17

(CORNER OF GAGE AND PEEL STREETS)

HONGKONG.

if 2211 Hongkong, 12th October, 1866.

CREMER AND COMPANY.

No. 34, WELLINGTON STREET, HONGKONG.

CONFECTIONERS AND PASTRY COOKS.

Always ready RASPBERRY, LEMON, CURRANT, and ALMOND SYRUPS, &c., various kinds of JELLIES and PRESERVES.

ICE CREAM, TEA, COFFEE, CHOCOLATE, &c.

WEDDING, CHRISTENING, BIRTHDAY, or any other kind of Cake, supplied on the shortest notice.

WEDDING BREAKFASTS, DINNERS, SUPPERS, PICNICS, &c, furnished on the most reasonable terms.

if 2295 Hongkong, 22nd September, 1866.

Business Announcements.

SILVEIRA AND Co

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

Queen's Road,

Opposite the Oriental Bank.

if 1330 Hongkong, 20th June 1866

NEW YORK HAIR CUTTING AND SHAVING SALOON.

7, *Peel Street, Queen's Road, Hongkong.*

(Two Doors from Star Hotel)

H. MATTHEWS & Co beg to announce to their Customers, Friends and the public that they have opened a first class SALOON, and hope, by strict attention to business to gain their patronage and esteem.

Please mark the Address.

No 7, PEEL STREET, QUEEN'S ROAD;

(Two Doors East of Star Hotel)

Jn 32277 Hongkong 17th October, 1866

NOTICE

THE Undersigned, PIANO TUNER and REPAIRER, begs leave, in making use of his residence now being situated in a central position for the convenience of the Public to notify that Parties wishing to engage his services would kindly address him to the care of N. S., of the *Daily Press* Office

P. A. SEQUEIRA.

dm 1151 Hongkong, 4th July, 1866.

THE ORIENTAL DISPENSARY AND SODA WATER MANUFACTORY.

F. P. SOARES & Co, beg to inform the Public, that they have this day opened the above Establishment on the premises, at the corner of Wellington and Peel Streets, and one door east of Messrs. J. Roberts, Sar. & Co.'s Auction Rooms.

The Dispensary will be under the Special Management of Mr. F. P. SOARES, whose long experience and Dispenser, extending to a period of Thirteen Years at the Dispensary of the late Dr. Watson, from whom he holds first-rate testimonials, enables the advertisers to offer the assurance to those who may favor them with orders, that all prescriptions will be most carefully prepared, and other orders entrusted to him will promptly executed.

The Medicines used are all fresh and of the very best quality, having recently been imported *ex Northfleet* from the best London Druggists.

Captains of vessels may have their Medicine Chests fitted up to advantage, both as regards Price and Quality of Drugs, &c.

PERFUMERY BOTTLES of various descriptions; CONCENTRATED ESSENCE OF JAMAICA GINGER; SARSAPARILLA; DISINFECTING FLUIDS; HOLLOWAY'S PILLS and OINTMENTS; COCKLE'S PILLS; ASSORTED CIGARS and other LOZENGES; PERFUMERY; TOILET POWDERS; POMATUM; GARDEN OIL; SMELLING SALTS; SOAPS; Hair, Nail, and Teeth BRUSHES; STRINGS; EYE GLASSES, &c., &c., for SALE.

CHARGES MODERATE!!

SODA WATER LEMONADE and GINGERADE unequalled in excellence of quality and purity.

6m 1281 Hongkong, 18th June, 1866.

A. CONIL, *Agent.*

Hongkong, 15th November, 1866.

NOTICE.

HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK Co., LIMITED.

STEAM-TUG "FAME."

110 *H. P. Nominal.*

With disconnecting Engines.

THIS powerful TUG is available at any moment to berth Vessels in Harbour, or tow them to or from Sea.

For particulars, apply to the Captain on board; or to the Office of the Company, *d'Aguilar Street*, Hongkong.

JOHN S. LAPRAIK, *Secretary.*

2286 Hongkong, 13 October, 1866

UNION DOCK COMPANY OF HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA, LIMITED.

STEAM-TUG "LITTLE ORPHAN.

THIS Powerful Tug is available at any time to Berth Vessels in this Harbour, or to Tow them to or from sea.

For particulars, apply to the

Captain on board

or to J. B. ENDICOTT,

Secretary.

2588 Hongkong, 12th October, 1866.

Arrivals.